MO	MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION STAFF REPORT						
Address:	21414 Georgia Avenue, Brookeville	Meeting Date:	8/12/2020				
Resource:	Master Plan Site #23/45 (Greenwood Miller's Cottage and Mill Site)	Report Date:	8/5/2020				
Applicant:	Montgomery Parks (Scott Whipple, Agent)	Public Notice: Tax Credit:	7/29/2020 N/A				
Review:	HAWP	Staff:	Michael Kyne				
Case Number:	23/45-20A						
PROPOSAL:	Demolition of accessory buildings						

EXPEDITED

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Approve V Approve with conditions

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION:

SIGNIFICANCE: Individually Listed Master Plan Site #23/45, Greenwood Miller's Cottage and Mill Site DATE: Mid 1800s



Fig. 1: Subject property.

PROPOSAL:

The applicant proposes to remove two (2) non-historic accessory structures from the subject property. The structures to be removed include:

- One (1) small storage shed/playhouse.
 - Dilapidated structure with collapsed roof and the unsound floor.
 - Frame structure with log veneer.
 - Non-historic 20th century structure with dimensional lumber and wire nails.
- One (1) barn/workshop.
 - Deteriorated and in poor condition, having been overtaken by the surrounding forest.
 - Due to its unsafe condition, the structure has been fenced to prevent access for some time.
 - A hazmat investigation found materials containing asbestos.
 - Structure likely dates to post-1926 (perhaps 1940s).

APPLICABLE GUIDELINES:

Policy On Use of Expedited Staff Reports for Simple HAWP Cases

IV. The Expedited Staff Report format may be used on the following type of cases:

- 2. Modifications to a property, which do not significantly alter its visual character.
- 3. Removal of accessory buildings that are not original to the site or otherwise historically significant.

Montgomery County Code; Chapter 24A-8

- (b) The commission shall instruct the director to issue a permit, or issue a permit subject to such conditions as are found to be necessary to insure conformity with the purposes and requirements of this chapter, if it finds that:
 - (1) The proposal will not substantially alter the exterior features of an historic site or historic resource within an historic district; or
 - (2) The proposal is compatible in character and nature with the historical, archeological, architectural or cultural features of the historic site or the historic district in which an historic resource is located and would not be detrimental thereto or to the achievement of the purposes of this chapter; or
 - (3) The proposal would enhance or aid in the protection, preservation and public or private utilization of the historic site or historic resource located within an historic district in a manner compatible with the historical, archeological, architectural or cultural value of the historic site or historic district in which an historic resource is located; or
 - (4) The proposal is necessary in order that unsafe conditions or health hazards be remedied; or
 - (5) The proposal is necessary in order that the owner of the subject property not be deprived of reasonable use of the property or suffer undue hardship; or
 - (6) In balancing the interests of the public in preserving the historic site or historic resource located within an historic district, with the interests of the public from the use and benefit of the alternative proposal, the general public welfare is better served by granting the permit.

(c) It is not the intent of this chapter to limit new construction, alteration or repairs to any 1 period or architectural style.

Secretary of Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation

The Secretary of the Interior defines rehabilitation as "the act or process of making possible a compatible use for a property through repair, alterations, and additions while preserving those portions or features, which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values." The *Standards* are as follows:

- 2. The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.
- 9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the Commission **approve** the HAWP application under the Criteria for Issuance in Chapter 24A-8(b), (1) & (2), having found that the proposal will not substantially alter the exterior features of the historic resource and is compatible with the purposes of Chapter 24A;

and with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation #2 and 9;

and with the general condition that the applicant shall present the **3 permit sets of drawings, if applicable, to Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) staff for review and stamping** prior to submission for the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services (DPS) building permits;

and with the general condition that the applicant shall notify the Historic Preservation Staff if they propose to make **any alterations** to the approved plans;

and with the general condition that final project design details, not specifically delineated by the Commission, shall be approved by HPC staff or brought back to the Commission as a revised HAWP application at staff's discretion.

Once the work is completed the applicant will <u>contact the staff person</u> assigned to this application at 301-563-3400 or michael.kyne@montgomeryplanning.org to schedule a follow-up site visit.

	For St.	AFF ONLY: # 920991
		# SSIGNED
HISTORIC AREA WO HISTORIC PRESERVATION 301.563.3400		
APPLICANT:		
Name: Montgomery Parks	scott.whipple@mo	ntgomeryparks.org
Address: 8301 Turkey Thicket Dr.	City:	_{Zip:} 20879
Daytime Phone: 240.772.7036	Tax Account No.:	
AGENT/CONTACT (if applicable):		
Name: Scott Whipple	scott.whipple@mo	ntgomeryparks.org
Address: Same	_{City:} same	zip: same
Daytime Phone: SAME	Contractor Registration	No.:
LOCATION OF BUILDING/PREMISE: MIHP # of Historia	_{c Property} 23-45	
Is the Property Located within an Historic District? $-Y$	es/District Name	Preenwood Miller's Cottage
Is there an Historic Preservation/Land Trust/Environme map of the easement, and documentation from the Eas	ental Easement on the Presement Holder supporting	operty? If YES, include a g this application.
Are other Planning and/or Hearing Examiner Approvals (Conditional Use, Variance, Record Plat, etc.?) If YES, in supplemental information.	/Reviews Required as pacture of the clude information on the	art of this Application? se reviews as
Building Number: 21414 Street: Geo	orgia Ave	
Town/City: Brookville Nearest Cros	s Street:	
Lot: Block: Subdivision: _	Parcel:	
TYPE OF WORK PROPOSED: See the checklist on Pa for proposed work are submitted with this applica	age 4 to verify that all s	supporting items
be accepted for review. Check all that apply:	Shed/Gar	rage/Accessory Structure
New Construction Deck/Porch	Solar Solar	
Addition Fence	Tree remo	oval/planting
Demolition Hardscape/Lands	cape Window/I	Door
Grading/ Excavation Root		the application is compating
and accurate and that the construction will comply wit	h plans reviewed and ap	ne application is correct
agencies and hereby acknowledge and accept this to b	be a condition for the issu	ance of this permit.
Scott Whipple	7.22.20	- 1

4

Description of Property: Please describe the building and surrounding environment. Include information on significant structures, landscape features, or other significant features of the property:

MIHP form: "The Mill has been gone for many years and only a pile of rubble and a frame cottage, built in the 19th century, and now covered with stone from the ruins of the mill, remain...

On August 5, 1926, the various heirs ... sold the property... Presumably the mill had been torn down by this time, and the only significant structure remaining was the miller's cottage.

[The mill was sold again in 1942] Many of the concrete structures surrounding the house bear dates from the 1950s, thus leading to the conclusion that perhaps additional alterations to the property occured durning [this] ownership."

Description of Work Proposed: Please give an overview of the work to be undertaken:

Demolition of two non-contributing accessory structures, neither of which are identified in the survey documentation: 1) small storage shed/playhouse: The roof has collapsed and the floor is not sound. The building appears to be of log construction, but actually it is frame with a log veneer. It is pretty clearly twentieth century: dimensional lumber and wire nails. 2) barn/work shop, likely twentieth century, located toward the rear of the property some distance from the cottage. This building is in poor condition and sits unused; for some time it has been fenced to prevent access. A hazmat investigation found materials containing asbestos. It is being taken over by the surrounding forest and is deteriorating. Based on the survey documentation that I reviewed, it could post-date 1926 and possibly date to a building campaign on the property undertaken by owners who purchased it in the 1940s.

Work Item 1: Demo: shed	
Description of Current Condition: The small frame shed's roof has collapsed, the floor has deteriorated.	Proposed Work: Demolition.
Work Item 2: Demo: barn/workshop	
Description of Current Condition: Unused, fenced and overgrown. Deteriorating. Missing siding, exposing hazardous material-contai ning materials.	Proposed Work: Demolition. Demolition will include a tree protection plan, approved by Parks arborists.

Work Item 3:	
Description of Current Condition:	Proposed Work:

HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT CHECKLIST OF APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

	Required Attachments						
Proposed Work	I. Written Description	2. Site Plan	3. Plans/ Elevations	4. Material Specifications	5. Photographs	6. Tree Survey	7. Property Owner Addresses
New Construction	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Additions/ Alterations	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Demolition	*	*	*		*		*
Deck/Porch	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fence/Wall	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Driveway/ Parking Area	*	*		*	*	*	*
Grading/Exc avation/Land scaing	*	*		*	*	*	*
Tree Removal	*	*		*	*	*	*
Siding/ Roof Changes	*	*	*	*	*		*
Window/ Door Changes	*	*	*	*	*		*
Masonry Repair/ Repoint	*	*	*	*	*		*
Signs	*	*	*	*	*		*



DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

Mitra Pedoeem Director

Marc Elrich County Executive

HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT APPLICATION

Application Date: 7/22/2020

Application No: 920991 AP Type: HISTORIC Customer No: 1379687

Affidavit Acknowledgement

The Homeowner is the Primary applicant This application does not violate any covenants and deed restrictions

Primary Applicant Information

Address 21414 GEORGIA AVE BROOKEVILLE, MD 20833

Homeowner Montgomery Parks (Primary)

Historic Area Work Permit Details

 Work Type
 DEMO

 Scope of Work
 Application to demolish two non-contributing accessory structures.

ASBESTOS, LEAD PAINT AND RADON REPORT

For 21414 GEORGIA AVENUE Brooksville, MD 20833

PREPARED FOR THE BENEFIT OF

MARYLAND NATIONAL CAPITAL PARKS AND PLANNING COMMISSION 16641 Crabbs Branch Way, Bldg. B Rockville, MD 20855

By

AIR, LAND AND WATER ENGINEERING, INC. 10017 Hackberry Lane, Suite 10 Columbia, MD 21046 Phone 410-997-0395 Fax 410-997-0278

> AUGUST 13, 2014 ALWE PROJECT 14-3240

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7.0	LIMITATIONS	5

ATTACHMENTS

APPENDIX

Appendix A	Asbestos Laboratory Results
Appendix B	Asbestos Sample Location Sketch
Appendix C	XRF Testing Results
Appendix D	Radon Results

21414 Georgia Avenue ALWE Project # 14-3240

1.0 CERTIFICATION

Air, Land and Water Engineering, Inc. (ALWE) has performed an asbestos and lead paint survey at the residential building and three sheds located at 21414 Georgia Avenue, MD 20833.

Laurence T. Brand, PE Senior Engineer

2.0 BACKGROUND

The Client requested that ALWE perform lead, asbestos, and radon testing at the address listed above. This survey was compared with a previously ALWE asbestos, mold and radon survey, with the ALWE report dated September 2, 2009 (ALWE 2009). The property includes a house and three sheds; an Electrical Shed (small), Storage Shed (medium), and Large Shed. Please note that the sheds were not part of the original survey to inspect. ALWE can provide removal specifications and provide removal monitoring for an additional fee.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY METHODOLOGY

On May 12 and June 18, 2014, ALWE performed an asbestos survey (ALWE, 2014) to assess readily observable and readily accessible suspect asbestos containing materials (ACM) in the house and three sheds. The three sheds are designated Small Electrical Shed, Storage Shed, and Large Shed. The procedures utilized during our survey included: visual observations, material sampling, and laboratory analysis of suspect building materials. This asbestos survey was compared with the ALWE 2009 report done for Amtek by Laurence Brand.

This report presents the general description of samples, locations where samples were collected, and the results of laboratory analysis of these collected samples.

The survey began with a walk-through and visual survey of the building, followed by the selection of sampling areas and then the collection of bulk samples. Material sampling areas were grouped based on material homogeneity. A homogeneous area is one that contains material that is similar in texture and color. Consideration is also given to the material's function and installation period.

ALWE representative, Derek Falzoi, a Licensed Asbestos Inspector, performed the asbestos survey. Samples of suspect asbestos containing materials were collected by ALWE at various locations and analyzed for asbestos content. The materials ALWE sampled in 2009 included pipe insulation, floor tile and mastic, textured ceiling, closet ceiling material, drywall joint compound, window caulk, and window glazing. The materials ALWE sampled in 2014 included floor tile and mastic, linoleum and mastic, ceramic tile mastic, roofing shingles on house, roofing shingles on sheds, siding shingle on shed, vapor barrier (behind siding shingle) on shed, roof vapor barrier, sink basin mastic, textured ceiling, plaster (skim and rough, behind textured ceiling), loose cardboard insulation, and yellow wall mastic dots.

Both sets of laboratory data are included in Appendix A. A Figure with the House and 3 Sheds is included in Appendix B with the asbestos sample locations is provided in Appendix B.

The samples were analyzed using Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) coupled with Dispersion Staining as outlined in the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Materials" (EPA-600/R-93/116, July 1993). A listing of the sampled materials and their locations can be found in the table in section 5 and in the Laboratory Report forms, located in Appendix A.

Date

4.0 LEAD PAINT TESTING METHODOLOGY

On May 9 and 12, and June 8 2014, ALWE representative Derek Falzoi, a Licensed Maryland Risk Assessor, performed lead-based paint testing on readily accessible and observable suspect lead-based painted surfaces, utilizing X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) technology.

Maryland regulations define lead-based paint, as paint with more than 0.7 milligrams per square centimeter (mg/cm^2) or greater than 0.5% lead by weight. The XRF test results and laboratory results are attached in Appendix C. This lead-based paint testing was limited to accessible surfaces.

The report shows each reading in the sequence that it was taken. The rooms and the surfaces in the rooms are designated on the report and each sample taken within that room was characterized as follows: the wall labeled A is the wall that faces the front of the building, going clockwise, the B wall is the next wall, C the next and the last wall is D. Please note that Wall A was designated at the Side Door Entrance into the House. The XRF results column, given in units of milligrams per square centimeter (mg/cm²), is recorded onto the data sheets directly from the XRF analyzer after each test. A negative number sometimes exists because of the nature of the algorithmic substrate correction features of the spectrum analyzer. This is not meant to be interpreted as a "negative" amount of lead, but rather an effect from the density of the substrate on the detectable amount of excited lead electrons, if any, which can be associated with the components reading.

5.0 RADON TESTING METHODOLOGY

On August 14, 2009, ALWE representative Mr. Laurence Brand was onsite to perform the initial radon testing. On this date, two radon detection canisters were placed side-by-side in the dining room (ALWE Room 3) of the house. The starting started on August 14, 2009, and ended on August 17, 2009. Since there was a high result, ALWE recommended a retest.

On August 27, 2009, ALWE representative Mr. Laurence Brand was onsite to perform the follow-up radon testing. On this date, two radon detection canisters were placed side-by-side in the dining room (ALWE Room 3) of the house, and the testing ran longer than the initial testing. The starting started on August 27, 2009, and ended on September 3, 2009.

On June 16, 2014, ALWE representative Mr. Derek Falzoi was requested by M-NCPPC to perform follow-up radon testing. On this date, two radon detection canisters were placed side-by-side in the Living Room (ALWE Room 5) of the house. The starting started on June 18, 2014, and ended on June 24, 2014.

The action level for radon at 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The three sets of radon results are located in Appendix D.

6.0 RESULTS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Asbestos (ALWE 2014 unless otherwise noted)

The Ceramic Tile Mastic was found to contain 15% Chrysotile Asbestos. This material was found to be present in the ½ Bathroom (ALWE Room 8) throughout each of the lower walls (75 square feet), and at Walls C and D of ALWE Room 9 (25 square feet) for a total of 100 square feet present. This material was described by the laboratory as having a tan/cream/olive appearance. This material was not sampled in the original survey because the condition of this material had deteriorated, allowing the mastic to be visible. Please note that a similar material located at the Bathroom (ALWE 2) of Yellow Mastic Dots, located behind ceramic-designed metal outer walls had tested negative by laboratory analysis.

The Gray Wall Vapor Barrier (2nd Layer) was found to contain 30-50% Chrysotile Asbestos. This material is only present along each wall of the Large Shed. The outer (1st layer) material is described as exterior brick pattern siding shingle, and tested negative by laboratory analysis. ALWE initially sampled this material on May 12, 2014, and also took a confirmatory sample of this material on June 18, 2014, and both samples tested positive by laboratory analysis. Also on June 18, 2014, ALWE quantified this material and found that approximately **1,700 square feet was present**. Please note that the samples were taken from exposed areas along Wall A of the Large Shed, and the material was observed to be in poor condition.

The Loose Pipe Insulation was found to contain 40-50% Chrysotile Asbestos. This material was observed present in the Basement of the House unattached to the piping and in poor condition in 2009. In 2014, ALWE collected two more samples. Each of the three samples collected tested positive by laboratory analysis. This material was observed present exposed beneath soil at the A/B tunnel, A/B corner of the room, and D/A corner of the room. There was approximately 20 square feet of this material observed on this date. Due to poor condition of the Basement and soil being present, more of this asbestos-containing material might be present. Additionally, this asbestos-containing pipe insulation may be hidden within the walls. ALWE advises not entering this Basement without proper protective equipment including full body disposable suits and appropriate respirators.

The Window Caulk associated with the exterior of the house was found to contain 3% Chrysotile Asbestos per ALWE (2009) report. The laboratory described its appearance as tan/white. ALWE (2014) collected two additional samples of this material which tested negative. Since there was one sample that had previously tested positive, this material should be considered an asbestos-containing material. Additionally, even though the sample was collected from around a window fixture, other fixtures with this caulking including doors and wall expansion joints should be considered asbestos-containing.

Lead Paint

Please note that Wall A refers to the Side Door entrance, oriented clockwise. According to the XRF test results, lead-based paint (LBP) was detected on the following surfaces:

Interior of House: The Front Doorjamb, Window Sashes and Casings, Baseboards, and Closet Door at the Side Entry/Kitchen (ALWE Room 1). The Door and Door Casing, Window Sashes and Casings, Wood Wall A, Closet Doors, Support Board, and Towel Rack Support Board in the Main Floor Bathroom (ALWE Room 2). The Door Casings and Cabinet in ALWE Room 3. The Door Casings, Window Components (Sash, Sill, Casing), and Cabinet in the Living Room (ALWE Room 5). The Doors and Doorjambs, Door Threshold at Wall B, Window Components (Sash, Sill, Casing), Walls B and D, and Ceiling at the Sun Room (ALWE Room 6). The Window Sashes and Casings, Baseboards, Floor, Closet Door Casing, Stair Treads and Risers at ALWE Room 7 including Stairwell. The Door Casings, Window Components (Sash, Sill, Casing), and Ceramic Walls at 2nd Floor ½ Bathroom (ALWE Room 8) and ALWE Room 9. The Window Components (Sash, Sill, Casing) at ALWE Room 10.

Exterior of House: The Door Casings, Doorjambs, Wall B (where paint is present), Front Porch Ceiling and Headers, Window Casings (except for those in the Sun Room), Window Lintels (metal and concrete), and Soffits associated with window sets.

Exterior of Small Electrical Shed: The Window Casings.

Locations of lead-based painted materials are provided in the sample results table located Appendix B.

Proper precautions should be taken to ensure that occupants, workers, and contractors are protected from the potential risks associated with lead-based paint during any renovation or demolition work. Removal of lead paint is not required before demolition of the structure.

Radon

The initial radon testing starting on August 17, 2009 had an average result of the two side-by-side canisters was 4.0 pCi/L. The EPA recommends fixing your home if the average of two short-term tests that is taken in the lowest level of the home suitable for occupancy, show radon levels that are equal or greater to the action level. ALWE recommended follow-up testing.

ALWE performed follow-up testing for week long period starting on August 27, 2009. The average result of the two side-by-side canisters was 3.9 pCi/L. The laboratory noted that radon concentrations were estimated due to excessive moisture at the test location, and recommended a re-test performed when the humidity in the location is lower.

The testing performed by ALWE starting on **June 18, 2014** had an average result of the two side-by-side canisters was **3.6 pCi/L**.

The results are still below the action level. Please note that the EPA recommends retesting if your living patterns change such as when remodeling is performed or if the Basement becomes occupied.

7.0 LIMITATIONS

All the professional opinions presented in this report are based solely on the scope of work conducted and sources referred to in our report. The data presented by ALWE in this report was collected and analyzed using generally accepted industry methods and practices at the time the report was generated. This report represents the conditions, locations, and materials that were observed at the time the fieldwork was conducted. No inferences regarding other conditions, locations, or materials, at a later or earlier time may be made based on the contents of the report. No other warranty, express or implied is made. ALWE's liability and that of its contractors and subcontractors, arising from any services rendered hereunder, shall not exceed the total fee paid by the client to ALWE for this project. This report was prepared for the sole use of our client. The use of this report by anyone other than our client or ALWE is strictly prohibited without the expressed prior written consent of ALWE. Portions of this report may not be used independent of the entire report.

21414 Georgia Avenue ALWE Project # 14-3240

APPENDIX A LABORATORY RESULTS



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705 Fax: (301) 937-5701 Email: beltsvillelab@emsi.com Phone: (301) 937-5700

Attn:	Larry Brand Air, Land & Water Er 10017 Hackberry La Suite 10 Columbia, MD 21046	igineer ne	ing Inc.	Customer ID: Customer PO: Received: EMSL Order:	ALWE62 08/17/09 9:30 AM 190907876
Fax:	(410) 997-0278	Phone:	(410) 997-0395	EMSL Proj:	
Project	GA Ave/09-1352			Analysis Date:	8/17/2009

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asl	pestos	Asbestos
ample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
1 190907876-0001	Pipe Insulation in basement/crawlspa	Brown/White Fibrous Heterogeneous	25%	Cellulose	0% Non-fibrous (oth 35% Ca Carbonate	er) 40% Chrysotile
2-Floor Tile 190907876-0002	Toplayer kitchen 12x12 floor tile	White/Red/Beige Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	5% 3%	Cellulose Synthetic	52% Non-fibrous (oth 40% Ca Carbonate	er) None Detected
2-Mastic 190907876-0002A	Toplayer kitchen 12x12 floor tile	Brown/Clear Fibrous Heterogeneous	5% 10%	Cellulose Synthetic	85% Non-fibrous (oth	er) None Detected
3-Floor Tile 190907876-0003	Bottom Layer	Gray/White Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	2% 3%	Cellulose Synthetic	55% Non-fibrous (oth 40% Ca Carbonate	er) None Detected
3-Mastic 190907876-0003A	Bottom Layer	Brown/Clear Fibrous Heterogeneous	10% 25%	Cellulose Synthetic	65% Non-fibrous (oth	ner) None Detected
4-Floor Tile 190907876-0004	12x12 FT in upstairs bathroom	Gray/Beige Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	2% 2%	Cellulose Synthetic	61% Non-fibrous (oth 35% Ca Carbonate	ner) None Detected
4-Mastic 190907876-0004A	12x12 FT in upstairs bathroom	Brown/Clear Fibrous Heterogeneous	15% 10%	6 Cellulose 6 Synthetic	75% Non-fibrous (ot	her) None Detected

Analyst(s)

George Malone (14)

entifaile egn (

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

Due to magnification limitations inherent in PLM, asbestos fibers in dimensions below the resolution capability of PLM may not be detected. The limit of detection as stated in the method is 1%. The above test report relates only to the items tested and may not be reproduced in any form without the express written approval of EMSL Analytical, Inc. EMSL's liability is limited to the cost of analysis. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Beltsville 10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville MD NVLAP Lab Code 200293-0

Test Report PLM-7.12.0 Printed: 8/19/2009 2:07:32 PM

16



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705 Phone: (301) 937-5700 Fax: (301) 937-5701 Email: <u>beltsvillelab@emsl.com</u>

Attn:	Larry Brand Air, Land & Water 10017 Hackberry I Suite 10 Columbia, MD 210	Engineering Inc. .ane 46	Customer ID: Customer PO: Received: EMSL Order:	ALWE62 08/17/09 9:30 AM 190907876	
Fax:	(410) 997-0278	Phone: (410) 997-0395	EMSL Proj:		
Project	: GA Ave/09-1352		Analysis Date:	8/17/2009	

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-As	Asbestos	
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
5 190907876-0005	DR Text Ceiling	White/Black Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous			80% Non-fibrous (other) 20% Mica	None Detected
6 190907876-0006	DR Text Ceiling	White/Black Fibrous Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (other) 20% Mica	None Detected
7 190907876-0007	DR Text Ceiling	Brown/White Fibrous Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose	65% Non-fibrous (other) 25% Mica	None Detected
8 190907876-0008	Closet in BR4 Ceiling material	Brown/White Fibrous Heterogeneous	90%	Cellulose	10% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
9 190907876-0009	Drywall Joint Compound BR4 Ceiling	Brown/White Fibrous Heterogeneous	20%	Cellulose	55% Non-fibrous (other) 25% Mica	None Detected
10 190907876-0010	Window Caulk	Tan/White Fibrous Heterogeneous	2%	Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	3% Chrysotile
11 190907876-0011	Window Glazing	Gray/White Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	2%	Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

George Malone (14)

high Centifonds

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

Due to magnification limitations inherent in PLM, asbestos fibers in dimensions below the resolution capability of PLM may not be detected. The limit of detection as stated in the method is 1%. The above test report relates only to the items tested and may not be reproduced in any form without the express written approval of EMSL Analytical, Inc. EMSL's liability is limited to the cost of analysis. EMSL bears no responsibility of sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Beltsville 10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville MD NVLAP Lab Code 200293-0

Test Report PLM-7.12.0 Printed: 8/19/2009 2:07:33 PM

THIS IS THE LAST PAGE OF THE REPORT.



EMSL Order: 191404174 CustomerID: ALWE62 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn: Larry Brand	Phone:	(410) 997-0395	
Air, Land & Water Engineering Inc.	Fax:	(410) 997-0278	
10017 Hackberry Lane	Received:	05/12/14 12:35 PM	
Suite 10	Analysis Date:	5/14/2014	
Columbia, MD 21046	Collected:	5/12/2014	
Project: 14-3240 21414 GEORGIA AVE			

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-A	sbestos	Asbestos				
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	6 Type				
1-Floor Tile	12X12 BEIGE	Beige/Cream			60% Ca Carbonate	None Detected				
191404174-0001	& MASTIC 1 SIDE ENTRY/KIT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			40% Non-fibrous (other)					
1-Mastic	12X12 BEIGE	Brown/Yellow	3%	Synthetic	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected				
191404174-0001A	& MASTIC 1 SIDE ENTRY/KIT	Fibrous Homogeneous								
2-Linoleum	BIEGE & BRN.	Brown/Beige/Crea	and the second secon	and California in the second second	55% Ca Carbonate	None Detected				
191404174-0002	SQ. PATTERN LINO. 8 2ND FL 1/2 BATH	m Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			45% Non-fibrous (other)					
2-Mastic	BIEGE & BRN.	Brown/Yellow	35%	Cellulose	53% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected				
191404174-0002A	SQ. PATTERN LINO. 8 2ND FL 1/2 BATH	Fibrous Homogeneous	12%	Synthetic						
3	CERAMIC TILE	Tan/Cream/Olive			85% Non-fibrous (other) 15%	Chrysotile				
191404174-0003	MASTIC 9 RM WALL A	Fibrous Homogeneous				, enigodic				
4	BLK. ROOF	Brown/Gray/Black	40%	Cellulose	10% Mica	None Detected				
191404174-0004	UNDER METAL UPPER ROOF EXTERIOR - HOUSE D/A CORNER	Fibrous Homogeneous	10%	Synthetic	40% Non-fibrous (other)					

Analyst(s)

George Malone (20)

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Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

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Initial report from 05/15/2014 05:43:37

18



EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:

191404174 ALWE62

Attn:	Larry Brand	Phone:	(410) 997-0395	
	Air, Land & Water Engineering Inc.	Fax:	(410) 997-0278	
	10017 Hackberry Lane	Received:	05/12/14 12:35 PM	·
	Suito 10	Analysis Date:	5/14/2014	
	Columbia, MD 21046	Collected:	5/12/2014	
Projec	t: 14-3240 21414 GEORGIA AVE			

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-A	Asbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
5 191404174-0005	BLK. ROOF SHINGLES UNDER METAL UPPER ROOF EXTERIOR - ELEC. SHED	Brown/Gray/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	30% 20%	Cellulose Synthetic	5% Mica 45% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
6 191404174-0006	BLK. ROOF SHINGLES NO METAL ROOF EXTERIOR - STORAGE SHED	Gray/White Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Glass	20% Quartz 45% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
7 191404174-0007	EXT. CAULKING EXT. HOUSE WALL D AROUND WINDOWS	Gray/Tan/White Fibrous Homogeneous	5%	Cellulose	15% Quartz 80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
8 191404174-0008	EXT. WINDOW GLAZING LARGE SHED WALL A	Gray/White Fibrous Homogeneous	3%	Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
9 191404174-0009	EXT. BRICK PATTERN SIDING SHINGLE WALL A	Gray/Red/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	40% 20%	Cellulose Synthetic	10% Mica 30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
10 191404174-0010	GRAY VAPOR BARRIER WALL A	Brown/White/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	30% 20%	Cellulose Synthetic	20% Non-fibrous (other)	30% Chrysotile
11 191404174-0011	EXT. ROOF VAPOR BARRIER LARGE SHED WALL D	Brown/Gray/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	45% 15%	Cellulose Synthetic	15% Mica 25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

George Malone (20)

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Initial report from 05/15/2014 05:43:37

19



EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID: 191404174 ALWE62

Attn: Larry Brand	Phone:	(410) 997-0395	
Air, Land & Water Engineering Inc.	Fax:	(410) 997-0278	
10017 Hackberry Lane	Received:	05/12/14 12:35 PM	
Suite 10	Analysis Date:	5/14/2014	
Columbia, MD 21046	Collected:	5/12/2014	
Project: 14-3240 21414 GEORGIA AVE			

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-Asb	Asbestos	
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibr	rous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
12 191404174-0012	WHT. SINK BASIN MASTIC 1 SIDE ENTRY/KIT.	Beige/Cream Fibrous Homogeneous	45% Ce	ellulose	25% Mica 30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
13-Textured Ceiling / Skim Coat 191404174-0013	TEXTURED CEILING & PLASTER 3 RM AT CEILING	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			30% Mica 70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
13-Rough Coat 191404174-0013A	TEXTURED CEILING & PLASTER 3 RM AT CEILING	Brown/Beige Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			50% Quartz 50% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
14-Textured Ceiling / Skim Coat 191404174-0014	TEXTURED CEILING & PLASTER 3 RM AT CEILING	Brown/White Fibrous Homogeneous	12% Ce	llulose	30% Mica 58% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
14-Rough Coat 191404174-0014A	TEXTURED CEILING & PLASTER 3 RM AT CEILING	Brown/Beige Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		and an	55% Quartz 45% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
15-Textured Ceiling / Skim Coat 191404174-0015	TEXTURED CEILING & PLASTER 3 RM AT CEILING	Tan/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			30% Mica 70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
15-Rough Coat 191404174-0015A	TEXTURED CEILING & PLASTER 3 RM AT CEILING	Brown/Beige Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cel	llulose	50% Quartz 48% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

George Malone (20)

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Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

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Initial report from 05/15/2014 05:43:37

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 5/15/2014 5:43:37 AM



EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID: 191405595 ALWE62

Attn:	Larry Brand	Phone:	(410) 997-0395
	Air, Land & Water Engineering Inc.	Fax:	(410) 997-0278
	10017 Hackberry Lane	Received:	06/18/14 2:45 PM
	Suito 10	Analysis Date:	6/18/2014
	Columbia, MD 21046	Collected:	6/18/2014
Projec	t: 14-3240 21414 GEORGIA AVENUE		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				A	sbestos		
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	%	Туре
16 191405595-0001	LOOSE CARDBOARD PIPE INS BSMT A/B CORNER AT FL	Brown/Cream/Rust Fibrous Homogeneous	5% 25%	Glass Cellulose	25% Ca Carbonate 0% Non-fibrous (other)	45%	Chrysotile
17 191405595-0002	LOOSE CARDBOARD PIPE INS AT GRAND AT RIGHT SMALL - TUNNEL FACING WALL A	Brown/Gray/Cream Fibrous Homogeneous	25%	Cellulose	25% Ca Carbonate 0% Non-fibrous (other)	50%	Chrysotile
18 191405595-0003	WINDOW CAULK EXT WALL D WINDOW D3	Gray/White/Beige Fibrous Homogeneous	15%	Fibrous (other)	15% Quartz 70% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
19 191405595-0004	GRAY VAPOR BARRIER 2ND LAYER LARGE SHED WALL A	Brown/White/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	30%	Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	50%	Chrysotile
20 191405595-0005	YELLOW MASTIC DOTS BATHRM WALL BEHIND METAL WALL	Blue/Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
21 191405595-0006	GRAY ROOFING SEALANT EXT WALL D	Gray/Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	25%	Synthetic	75% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected

Analyst(s)

George Malone (6)

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Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

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Initial report from 06/19/2014 09:21:56

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 6/19/2014 9:21:56 AM

THIS IS THE LAST PAGE OF THE REPORT.

21414 Georgia Avenue ALWE Project # 14-3240

> APPENDIX B SITE SKETCH WITH ASBESTOS SAMPLE LOCATIONS





21414 Georgia Avenue ALWE Project # 14-3240

APPENDIX C Lead Based Paint XRF Results

XRF Data Sheet Interpretations

The following definitions will aid in interpreting the specific columns of information located in the XRF Lead-Based Paint Inspection Data sheets:

Column #1 - "Wall": Each component tested is reported by a wall code of A, B, C, D, or N/A. A component is described with a wall code of "A" if it is located on the closest wall with the same orientation as the wall containing the front door of the property. Components are assigned a letter B, C, or D in a clockwise manner based on the location of wall A. The code "N/A" is assigned to ceiling or floors. When multiple components of the same type within a room, common area or exterior site are tested, testing shall proceed from left to right, when facing the component, with each unit assigned a number, such as 1,2,3, etc...(e.g. A¹ window is the first window on the left side on the A wall. B² window sill is the second window sill from the left on the B wall.) If only one item is present, no additional numbering is required.

Column #2- "XRF Reading": This is the XRF reading column given in units of milligrams per square centimeter (mg/cm2) and is recorded onto the data sheets directly from the XRF analyzer after each test. A negative number sometimes exists because of the nature of the algorithmic substrate correction features of the spectrum analyzer. This is not meant to be interpreted as a "negative" amount of lead, but rather an effect from the density of the substrate on the detectable amount of excited lead electron particles if any, can be associated with the components reading.

Column #3- Classification of Readings

Each XRF test is classified as positive, negative, or inconclusive based on the following results according to the Performance Characteristic sheet for an RMD LPA-l using the "quick" mode and in accordance with the Maryland standard of $>0.7 \text{ mg/cm}^2$. If no classification is shown than the result is negative.

For metal, brick, concrete, drywall, plaster, and wood substrates:

Negative (N)	Positive (P)	Inconclusive (I)
$\leq 0.7 \text{ mg/cm}^2$	\geq .8 mg/cm ²	0.8 mg/cm^2

If a result of inconclusive is shown on the instrument, it will be recorded by the inspector as positive/inconclusive (P/I), or inconclusive/positive (I/P) to reflect the fact that 0.8 is considered a positive result in Maryland. If this is an isolated reading, the client may elect to have a paint chip laboratory analysis done since the laboratory analysis is more definitive. ALWE does not confirm these inconclusive readings unless approval is given to collect a paint chip sample for analysis. Additional fees are charged for the time to collect paint chip samples and for the laboratory analysis of these paint chip samples.

Column #4 – Paint Condition

I = IntactF = FairP = Poor

												Cali	brat	ron							
	XRF Lea Address Client: ALWE I	ıd – B	ased P	aint In +14 -NC 14 -	nspecti PPC 324	ion Da Orgè	ata She a Ave	et – Ir nve	nterior	Roon	15	EC III		0 0 0		D P	ate: age	5 <u>/9</u> 1_01	-4		
		1-5	ide Em	cy/k	incher	2-	Ba	proo	<u>~</u>	N	Ro	en,		4.	- R	zam		5-	2101	RR	<u>}~~</u>
I	Door	A	6.4	Nº in	per cont	B	0.8	r		B	Oid	M		2-	10.2	N		0	0.2	1-	
	Door Jamb	A	809	F		a	0.0	0		Δ	21	P		0 -	-01	N		B	29.9	P	
P	Door Casing	1	h a k	N		5	210	F_		7	de la l	-1		~		12					
	Door threshold	A	0.A	N																	
	Window sash	A	50	P		Ω	1.8	P		0	0.4	N		A-	-0.2	N		B	9.0	R	
-	Window sill	27		. John .		1000 de	100			P	-0.1	2		A	-01	N		8	29,9	P	
-	Window casing	AZ	21	P	n are a	02	1,9	P		0	-0.2	N		A-	0.3	N		B	29.9	F	
	Crown Molding	<u></u>	00											A-	0.3	N					
	Chair rail													<u> </u>		-					
-	Baseboard	A	Bozz	P		B	1.0-	N						A-	-0.2	N					
Γ	Floor									-	-0:2	N				1.	5	A		1)	1.
	A wall	A	0.1	Noo	retion	A	1.2	P	Wood	A -	0.1	Npc	melling	A D	-0:1	Na	inding	R -	10.1	NE	anelly
	B wall	В		4	. /	B	6.2	N		B				D				C			
	C wall	С	03	Na	DIARDIA	C	1.0	R										D		V	-
	D wall	D		pone	eling	D _	-6.2	R				N	-			N 2	f		-67	N	
	Ceiling		-0,1	N	open ordin	d	1.07	N			0.7	Nin	eiling		0.1	NV-			10.2	12	
inner	Closet door	B	0-8	P/I		A)	104	r													
L	Closet door casing	B	-03	N			_														
-	Closet shelf	B	0.4														1				
Ļ	Shelf support									R	0.8	PIT						A	29.9	P.	
-	Cabinet		0.0	N 1						A	-01	N		2	-0.2	N		C	-0.1	N	
-	Kadiator	A	0.0	N						A	1. n										
F		Λ	-02	NI		-															
\leq	SUDIE		0.5	IV		2	D.R	PIT													
206	Sobit party					R	1,2	P													
Guerre	ack- greents	agor -		-		140		4										C	-01	P	
100	MOCHNIKON	- Maria														1					

The columns of data within each room are organized as follows: 1^{st} column = wall code; 2^{nd} column 3^{rd} column = classification of reading; 4^{th} column = paint condition (I = intact; F= fair; P= poor)

												Calil	Mati	00						
XRF Lea Address Client: ALWE 1	ad – 1 : Proje	Based I	Paint 1 141 - N	nspect	tion D	ata Sh	eet - I Vegve	nterio	r Rooi	ms		In 0,9 1.0 0,9	00	4	I P)ate: _ Page	5/1	<u>2/14</u> f_4	-	
Door Door Jamb Door Casing Door Transom	GBB	- So 29,9 29,9	Poo	HH	7. A. A	0.2 0.1	220		BB	- 1/2 -0.4 -2.8	Ba N P	th F	9	- R 2,1	soo m P	H	B	0.1	200, N	9
Door threshold Window sash Window sill Window casing Crown Molding	BB BB	3.7 1.3 2.7 2.9	P P P	HHHH	0	0.2 2.6	NP P	F F	D_ D_ D_	3.0 4.2 5,3	PP P	HHH	Brong	2.3	P P P	HHH	A A A	2.9 4.2 2.3	P P	HHH
Chair rail Baseboard Floor A wall B wall C wall	A · B C · ·	0.3 0.2 9.9 9.9 9.9 0.3	2202		A - B C	0.8 0.8 0.2	PII N PII N F	I I I I I I I I	A B C	0.2 61 0.2	222	opeling	A - A - B - C	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2	22222	h	A B C	-0.2	Ne	mela
D wall Ceiling Closet door Closet door casing Closet shelf Shelf support	D	29.9 29.9	<u>P</u>	F	B	6.1	202	Ŧ	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	0.1	222222		AI AI	6.) 0.1 0.2	22 22		D			
Radiator Cerance atch Jose Los Casing	wq11				C Relation	0.0 0.0 0.3	2 220		D	>9,9	P	H	AAB	0.2	NNP	J	(C.e	02	N	
Riser					Bie	2.6	P	H												

The columns of data within each room are organized as follows: 1^{st} column = wall code; 2^{nd} column = XRF reading; 3^{rd} column = classification of reading; 4^{th} column = paint condition (I = intact; F= fair; P= poor)

XRF Load	- Ba	nsed P	mint li	aspecti	ion Da	úa She	et – E	xterio	k'						D	ate: 🛓	5/12	.114			
Address:	****	2)	414	5	ROC	gia,	Aven	e	ania () - 1004						Eps	euge	5 01				
Client:		<u>M=</u>	- N.	L	2] 		-													
ALWE Pro	hject	1 No	17	- 5.	140								C								
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		Hous	e —		0	07	11				\Rightarrow		1 × 1 × 1	r-F	lecas	docel	-	rge	Shea	4	
Door	A	-0.1	N		14-	6.0	N	1	[*****	A-	03	N		A.	03	LP_		
Door Jamb	A	107	r	1	\square	27.9	_ <u>P</u>	+	[
Door Casing	A	29.9	P	I		bt-S	unko	eq	Į				104	0.2	M						
Door Transoin							******			*****	1		and the second second second				Į				3
Door threshold	A	0.1	N						<u> </u>												
A wall D	Å.	0.4	P		A		1.1. 1.		A.			1.10	A	· · · ·	. i – i i i	• • • • •	A	0.2	N	red but	1=
B wall	B	Ware	Paint	3000	hВ				B	299	P	T	B				B			barrio.	sha
C wall	C				C				C				C				C			514	2m
D wall	D				D				D				D				D		1		-
Foundation		1		1	1							-	1	(dine	daga	5	011-	10.1	N	1	
Shutters				1		1	1.		and the second s				1	1			The second se				
Porch ceiling	t			1	-	62	IN	1	B	799	P	-									
Porch S.O.	-		-	1	0 -	10.1	N		-	a falar a data a bata a bas	-		1		familiaria, 1, 2 and 1, 2 and 1, 2 and					_	
Porch + 12-10	P	1200		1	A	0.3	N			-		1	1	-			<u>.</u>		-		
Porch floor	pce	TIG	1		B	(Q)	Ň		-	******									-		
Porch beader	A	00	N			101	1		R	29.0	P.	·	1	1			1				
Caffit	H.	0.0	17							K-LE-	<u> </u>										
Staie average	-		1 12 12		1								1000 A	-		-		63	K		
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Fianuran	-		Saf	h			1		101	C. (+		
Downspour	175	DUTC.	a and		20	107	10195	1	01	-50	102m			-				62			
Window sash	42	0.5	B	1	1Kg	0.0	15	1	PA:	0.1	R		0	0.0	017		4	03	H.	+	1
Window casing	1	5 19	<u> </u>	1-2-	100	- 2 mg	7	-	101			+	12.	0.5	KIT.	T	<u>A</u>	10.1	N		
Window sill					·				-	1-5	1.0	-		·							
W?mgulmella	e AA	703	(PI)	+I					15)	102	R	+									1
Doce Intiluo	(d)/	H-0:	FN	1-					-	porti	MTC (metal)t	0.2	IM-						
1 Ingel (concrete)	1) d. 4	H.F.	II						Fage	Vel -	1	A.	101	M				·		
and Space Do	11	+0.3	N							0.0					L		-	· · · ·			1
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The columns of data within each foom are organized as follows: 1⁻⁻ column = wall code; 2^{n} column 3^{rd} column = classification of reading; 4^{th} column = paint condition (I = intact; F= fair; P= poor)

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Date:	51	121	14
Page_	4	_of_	4

XRF Lead - Based Paint Inspection Data Sheet - Interior Rooms Address: 21414 Georgia Avenue **Client:** M ALWE Project No. 4- 3240

	11	-]	000	.01	Zonn	12	- 412	Ra	0	13	- 3	Rom		14	-BIC	Ror	\sim		 	
Door	X	-6	in L		1 south	Ð	+07	1VM	<u></u>	ß-	-6.2	IN T	9	R-	0,2	D				
Door Jamb		- Contraction				- ugar	2.0	1		-0-	0	/		2		3				
Door Casing	A	-0	1.2																	
Door Transom																				
Door threshold																		-	 	
Window sash																				
Window sill																				
Window casing	0	-0	2.2			B	-0.7	N		3-	0.1	N		13 -	-012	Y			 	
Crown Molding			0					l											 	
Chair rail																			 	
Baseboard																			 	
Floor				. 7								1				K/			 	
A wall	A	~0	2.2	N		Α.	- 0.2	N		A -	0.3	M		A -	0.2	15		A	 	
B wall	В	-0	5.3	N		В	-6.7	R		В	-0.1	N,		B -	10-1	N		B	 	
C wall	C	-(9.1	R		C	TOT	N		С,	-62	K		C	161	N			 	
D wall	D		29	N		D	TO.	N		D _	0.3	N		D ,	6.2	N		D	 	
Ceiling		-0	CC	N			6.3	V		-	0.	M		-	-0.2	P			 	
Closet door																			 	
Closet door casing														ļ					 	
Closet shelf																			 	
Shelf support																			 	
Cabinet																			 	
Radiator						ļ													 	
Lintel																			 	
				1		1														

The columns of data within each room are organized as follows: 1^{st} column = wall code; 2^{nd} column = XRF reading; 3^{rd} column = classification of reading; 4^{th} column = paint condition (I = intact; F= fair; P= poor)

Client: ALWE Proje	ct No.	14-	-32	40			-		1	.0	6.9			
				9	Zzer	vent		 						
Door				C-	0,2	N		 	 				 	
Door Jamb								 	 				 	
Door Casing								 	 				 	
Door Transom								 	 				 	
Door threshold								 	 				 	
A wall								 	 				 	
B wall	_							 	 				 	
C wall								 	 				 	
D wall								 	 			-	 	
22 M) tent orand	04							 	 				 	
window set/		N						 	 					
Fascia D	0,1	0						 						
Soffir V	1.8	1							 					
whetwell 0	0.3	N						 						
Window casing &	0.0	11				-							 	
					04	N		 						
Colomo					600	1.2							 	
		-											 	

The columns of data within each room are organized as follows: 1^{st} column = wall code; 2^{nd} column = XRF reading; 3^{rd} column = classification of reading; 4^{th} column = paint condition (I = intact; F= fair; P= poor)

21414 Georgia Avenue ALWE Project # 14-3240

APPENDIX D RADON LABORATORY RESULTS



Site Radon Inspection Report

Date : September 09, 2009

Mr. Larry Brand AIR, LAND AND WATER ENGR., INC, 10017 Hackberry Lane Suite 10 Columbia, MD 21046-

Client: Unknown

Fost Location: 21414 Georgia Avenue

Individual Canister Results

Canister ID# :	2056378	Test Start :	08/27/2009 @ 15:45
Canister Type :	Charcoal Canister 4 inch	Test Stop :	09/03/2009 @ 11:00
Radon Level :	4.0 pCi/L	Location :	First Floor
Error for Measurer	nent is: <u>+</u> 0.3 pCi/L		

Canister ID# :	2056387	Test Start :	08/27/2009 @ 15:45
Canister Type :	Charcoal Canister 4 inch	Test Stop :	09/03/2009 @ 11:00
Radon Level :	3.7 pCi/L	Location :	First Floor

Radon concentration has been estimated due to excessive moisture in test location. It is Note: recommended that a retest be done when the humidity in the location is lower.

> Average of Side by Side Canisters 3.9 pCi/L

Error for Measurement is: ± 0.4 pCi/L

The results indicate that at least one testing device registered at or above the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The EPA recommends fixing your home if the average of two short-term tests taken in the lowest level of the home suitable for occupancy show radon levels that are equal to or greater than 4.0 pCi/L.

For information on how to reduce radon levels in your home, please review the EPA booklet: Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction (EPA Document #402-K03-002, Revised February 2003) and contact your state health department. The EPA maintains a radon information website, including copies of its publications, at www.epa.gov/iaq/radon.

For New Jersey clients: Please see the attached guidance document entitled Radon Testing and Mitigation: The Basics for further information.

All procedures used for generating this report are in complete accordance with the current EPA protocols for the analysis of radon in air.

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Andreas C. George Radon Measurement Specialist NJ MES 11089

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Nancy Hernandez Laboratory Director

NRSB ARL0001 NYS ELAP ID: 10806 **PADEP ID: 0346** NJDEP ID: NY933 NJ MEB 90036 FL DOH RB1609

(914)345-3380 FAX (914)345-8546

2 Hayes Street, Elmsford, NY 10523 www.rtca.com



Site Radon Inspection Report

Date : August 20, 2009

Mr. Larry Brand AIR, LAND AND WATER ENGR., INC, 10017 Hackberry Lane Suite 10 Columbia, MD 21046-

Client: Alwe Test Location 21414 Georgia Avenue Brookeville, MD 20833-

Individual Canister Results

Canister ID# : Canister Type : Radon Level :	2016988 Charcoal Canister 4 inch 3.9 pCi/L	Test Start : Test Stop : Location :	08/14/2009 @ 14:00 08/17/2009 @ 10:15 First Floor
Error for Measureme	ent is: ± 0.3 pCi/L		
Canister ID# :	2017012	Test Start :	08/14/2009 @ 14:00

Canister ID# .	2017012	Test Start :	08/14/2009 @ 14.00
Canister Type : Radon Level :	Charcoal Canister 4 inch 4.0 pCi/L	Test Stop : Location :	08/17/2009 @ 10:15 First Floor

Average of Side by Side Canisters 4.0 pCi/L

Error for Measurement is: ± 0.3 pCi/L

The results indicate that at least one testing device registered at or above the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The EPA recommends fixing your home if the average of two short-term tests taken in the lowest level of the home suitable for occupancy show radon levels that are equal to or greater than 4.0 pCi/L.

For information on how to reduce radon levels in your home, please review the EPA booklet: Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction (EPA Document #402-K-03-002, Revised February 2003) and contact your state health department. The EPA maintains a radon information website, including copies of its publications, at www.epa.gov/iaq/radon.

For New Jersey clients: Please see the attached guidance document entitled Radon Testing and Mitigation: The Basics for further information.

All procedures used for generating this report are in complete accordance with the current EPA protocols for the analysis of radon in air.

PLEDGE OF ASSURED QUALITY

RTCA and its personnel do not assume responsibility or liability, collectively and individually, for analysis results when detectors have been improperly handled or placed by the consumer, nor does RTCA and its personnel accept responsibility for any financial or health consequences of subsequent action or lack of action, taken by the customer or it's consultants based on RTCA-provided results.

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Andreas C. George Radon Measurement Specialist NJ MES 11089

Nancy Hernandez Laboratory Director

NRSB ARL0001 NYS ELAP ID: 10806 PADEP ID: 0346 NJDEP ID: NY933 NJ MEB 90036 FL DOH RB1609

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Page 1 of 1

PC1406260012



Site Radon Inspection Report

Date: 06/26/2014

Derek Falzoi AIR, LAND AND WATER ENGR., INC, 10017 Hackberry Lane Suite 10 Columbia, MD 21046-

Client: M NCPPC Test Location: 21414 Georgia Ave Brookeville, MN 20833-Individual Canister Results

Canister ID# :	2281490	Test Start :	06/18/2014 @ 10:30
Canister Type :	Charcoal Canister 4 inch	Test Stop :	06/24/2014 @ 15:30
Location :	First Floor	Received:	06/26/2014 @ 09:44
Radon Level :	3.6 pCi/L	Analyzed:	06/26/2014 @ 14:27
Error for Measurem	nent is: <u>+</u> 0.2 pCi/L		
Canister ID# :	2281493	Test Start :	06/18/2014 @ 10:30
Canister Type :	Charcoal Canister 4 inch	Test Stop :	06/24/2014 @ 15:30
Location :	First Floor	Received:	06/26/2014 @ 09:44
Radon Level :	3.6 pCi/L	Analyzed:	06/26/2014 @ 14:49
Average of Side by	Side Canisters 3.6 pCi/L		

Error for Measurement is: ± 0.2 pCi/L

The reported results indicate that radon levels in the building tested are below the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) action level of 4.0 picoCuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The EPA recommends retesting if your living patterns change and you begin occupying a lower level of the building, such as a basement or if major remodeling is done.

General radon information may be obtained by consulting the EPA booklet: A Citizen's Guide to Radon (www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/citguide.html). To request a copy or for further information, please contact your state health department. The EPA maintains a radon information website, including copies of its publications, at www.epa.gov/iag/radon.

For New Jersey clients: Please see the attached guidance document entitled <u>Radon Testing and Mitigation: The Basics</u> for further information.

For New York clients: If the radon level of one or more testing devices is equal to or exceeds 20 pCi/L please contact the New York State Department of Health, Bureau of Environmental Radiation Protection, for technical advice and assistance at 518-402-7556 or toll free1-800-458-1158.

PLEDGE OF ASSURED QUALITY

All procedures used for generating this report are in complete accordance with the current EPA protocols for the analysis of radon in air (EPA 402-R-92-004). The analytical results relate only to the samples tested, in the condition received by the lab, and that calculations were based upon the information supplied by client. RTCA and its personnel do not assume responsibility or liability, collectively and individually, for analysis results when detectors have been improperly handled or placed by the consumer, nor does RTCA and its personnel accept responsibility for any financial or health consequences of subsequent action or lack of action, taken by the customer or it's consultants based on RTCA-provided results.

Andress C. George-

Andreas C. George Radon Measurement Specialist

NJ MES 11089

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Dante Galan Laboratory Director NRSB ARL0001 NYS ELAP ID: 10806 PADEP ID: 0346 NJDEP ID: NY933 NJ MEB 90036 FL DOH RB1609

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Site Plans



Greenwood Miller's Cottage, environmental setting https://montgomeryplanning.org/planning/historic/research-and-designation/gis-tool/



Greenwood Miller's Cottage, environmental setting detail Historic dwelling fronts Georgia Avenue

Non-contributing shed sits southwest of the dwelling; barn sits to the west, well-removed and buffered from the main dwelling



Greenwood Millers Cottage, aerial image and street view (Workshop in identified in cloud) <u>https://www.google.com/maps/place/21414+Georgia+Ave,+Brookeville,+MD+20833/@39.2087376,-</u> 77.0638267,174m/data=!3m1!1e3!4m5!3m4!1s0x89b7d6fa5834f0bf:0xea4d997fce2244b2!8m2!3d39.2 086888!4d-77.0631401

Photos: Shed













Photos: barn/workshop





















