Montgomery County Preservation Study Update







Neighborhood Fundamentals, LLC



Agenda

Housing Landscape Overview Subsidized / Deed Restricted Housing Naturally-Occurring Affordable Housing

HR&A Scope

The HR&A team has a four-part scope to deliver an analysis of existing affordable housing in Montgomery County and recommended strategies for preservation.

- 1. At Risk Property Inventory Analysis
 - Unrestricted / Unsubsidized Units
 - Deed-Restricted / Subsidized Units
- 2. Existing County Preservation Policies
- 3. Best Practices Analysis
- 4. Recommended Strategies for Preservation

Housing Landscape

Montgomery County has a population of 1.1m residents with 391k housing units. Of these 240k units (65%) are owner-occupied and 129k units (35%) are renter-occupied.

Montgomery County Housing Units

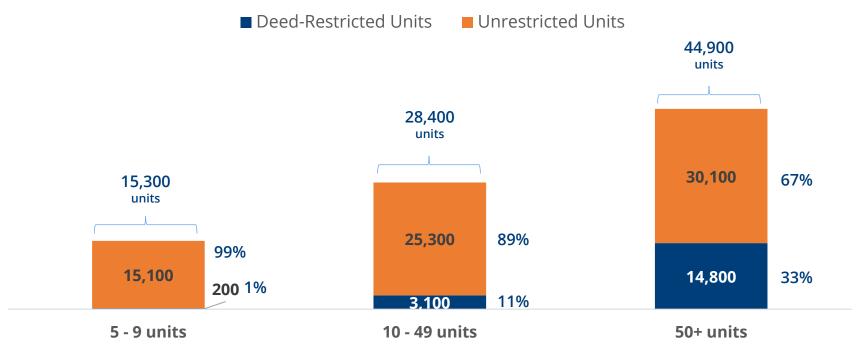
Renter Occupied Owner Occupied Vacant **Rental Units by Building Size** 22,339 38% 6% 44,948 24% 23% 128.692 33% 28,400 27,284 13% 15,342 1% 1,268 Single-Family 2 - 4 Unit 5 - 9 Unit 10 - 49 Unit 50 or more The preservation study focuses on rental multifamily housing.

Source: ACS 2018 1-year

Housing Landscape | Multifamily Housing

20% (18,000 units) of the County's multifamily housing stock is subsidized (deed-restricted). 82% of these units are in large buildings with 50+ units.

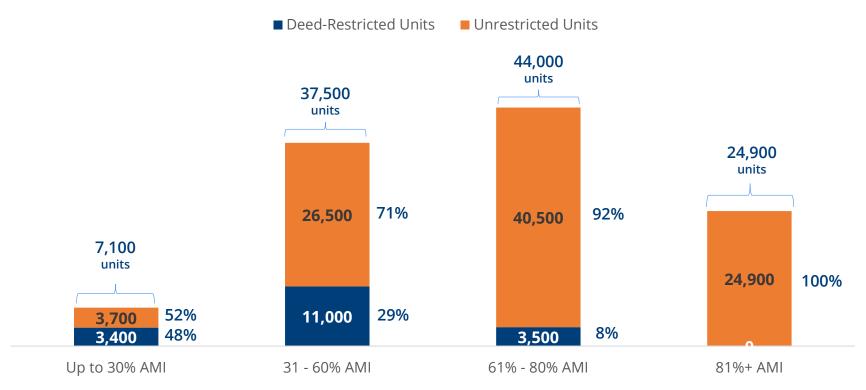
Multifamily Units by Building Size and Subsidy Status



Source: ACS 2018 1-year

Housing Landscape | Multifamily Housing Affordability

The plurality of the County's rental multifamily housing stock is affordable to households earning between 60% - 80% of AMI currently. Deed-restricted units make up 32% of units below 60% of AMI.



Multifamily Units by Affordability Level

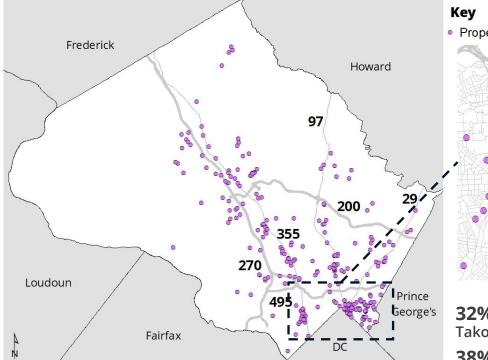
Source: ACS 2018 1-year

Housing Landscape Subsidized / Deed Restricted Housing

Naturally-Occurring Affordable Housing

Current Conditions | Deed–Restricted Housing

There are approximately 18,000 subsidized rental units. Of these units, 32% are inside the beltway and 38% are along I-270 & 335 corridors.



Deed-Restricted Inventory (5+ units), 2020

Source: ACS 2018 1-year

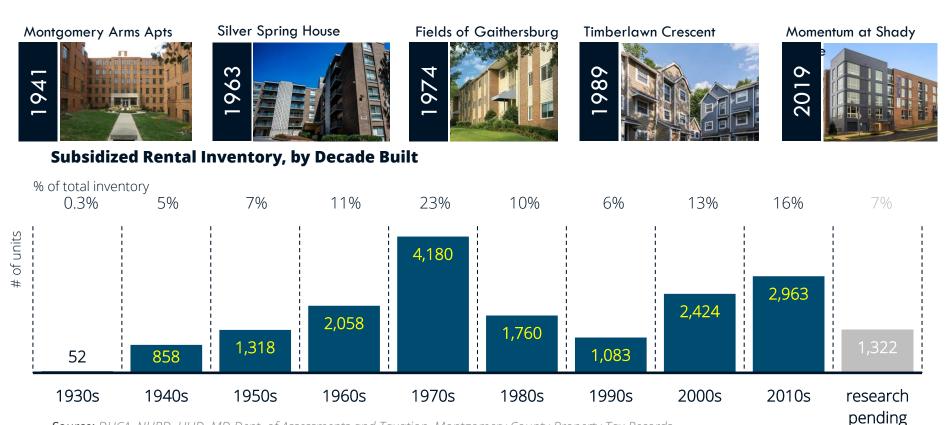
Property with subsidized rental units
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32% of units inside the beltway (Silver Spring ~3,500, Takoma Park ~900)

38% of units along I-270 & 335 corridors (Gaithersburg ~3,000, Rockville ~2,600)

Current Conditions | Age of Inventory

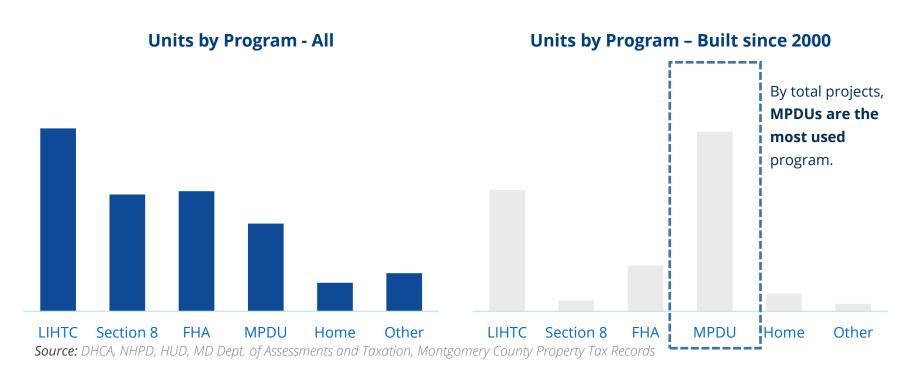
The inventory is relatively old with an influx of new units in the last decade. 35% of the inventory was built in the 1960s and 1970s while 16% was built since 2010.



Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records

Current Conditions | Units by Subsidy Type

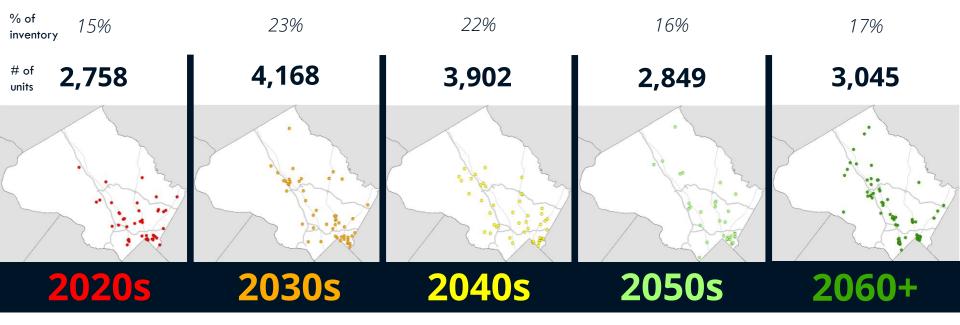
LIHTC has produced 32% of all of the County's existing units—however since 2000, MPDUs have produced 1,200 more units than LIHTC.



Current Conditions | Affordability Ranges

About 40% of the total inventory have subsidy expirations in the next two decades (7,000 units). Half of these units are inside the beltway.

Subsidized Rental Inventory by Expiration Decade



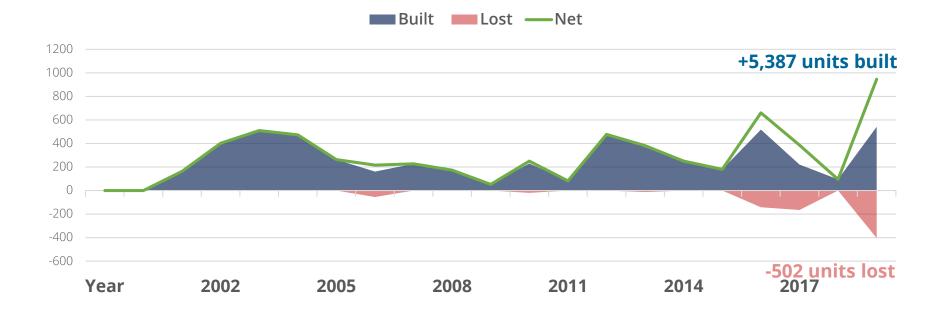
15% of the total inventory has expirations beyond 2100

Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax RecordsHR&A Advisors, Inc.Montgomery County Preservation Study | 11

Historic Trends | Patterns of Inventory Loss / Gain

The County has been building subsidized housing faster than units being lost. Most of the units being lost are Section 8 units within larger market-rate properties, while most being built currently are MPDUs.

Net Change in Subsidized Rental Housing 2000 - 2019



Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records

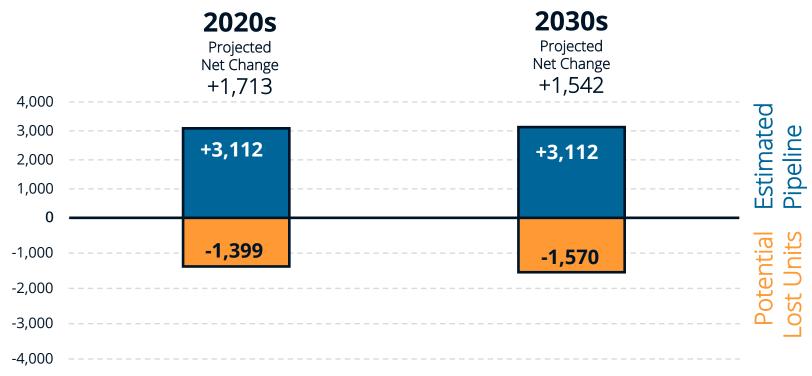
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Future Trends | Estimating Net Loss / Gain

About 60% of the inventory expiring in the 2020s and 2030s are owned by non-profits and classified as lower risk. The remaining are owned by for-profit companies and have a potential to be lost. Nevertheless, development outpaces loss, however newer AMIs may be higher.

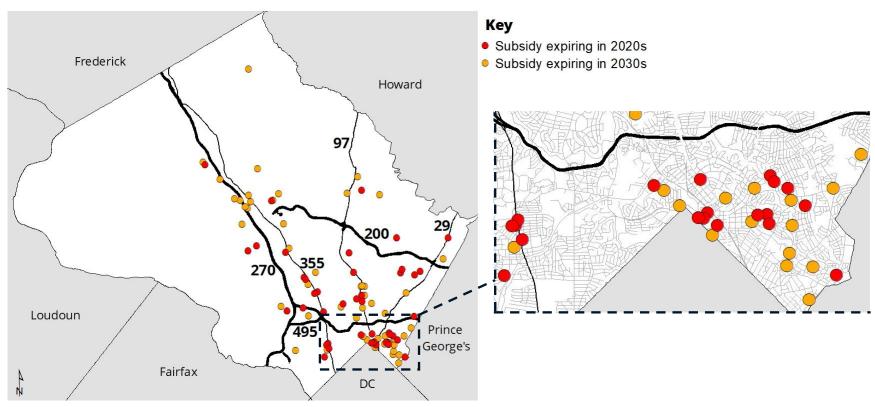
Estimated Net Change in Subsidized Rental Housing Inventory, 2020s and 2030s



Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records

Risk Criteria | Upcoming Subsidy Expirations

• Risk assessment focused on properties with subsidy expirations in the next 20 years

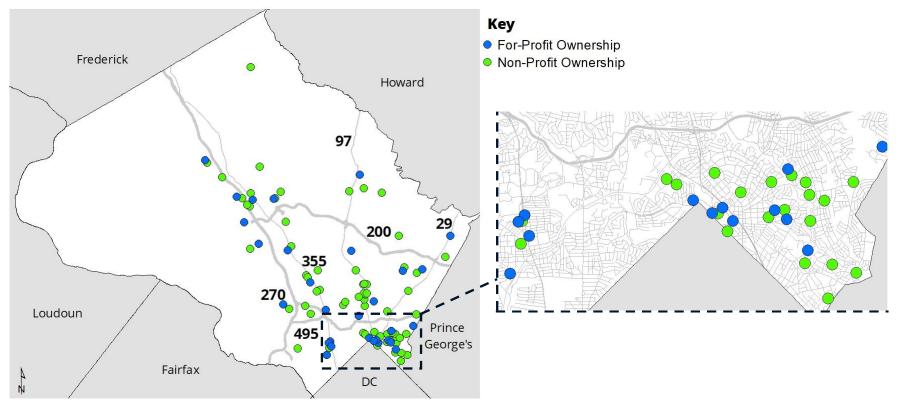


Rental Inventory with Subsidy Expirations 2020s and 2030s

Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD

Risk Criteria | Ownership Type

- Units owned by non-profit/mission-based organization less likely to be lost
- Nearly 3,000 units owned by for-profit companies have subsidies expiring in 2020s & 2030s



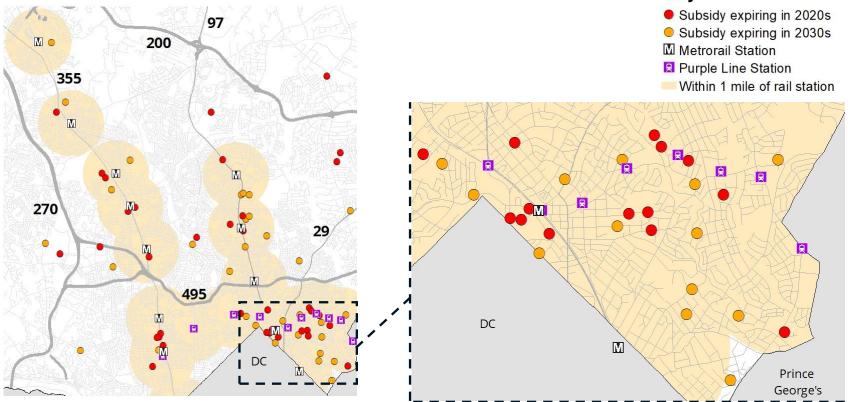
2020s/2030s Subsidy Expirations by Ownership Type

Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records
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Risk Criteria | Proximity to Transit Infrastructure

- Rent and development pressure generally higher near transit infrastructure
- About 62% of inventory with upcoming expirations (2020s & 2030s) are near rail stations

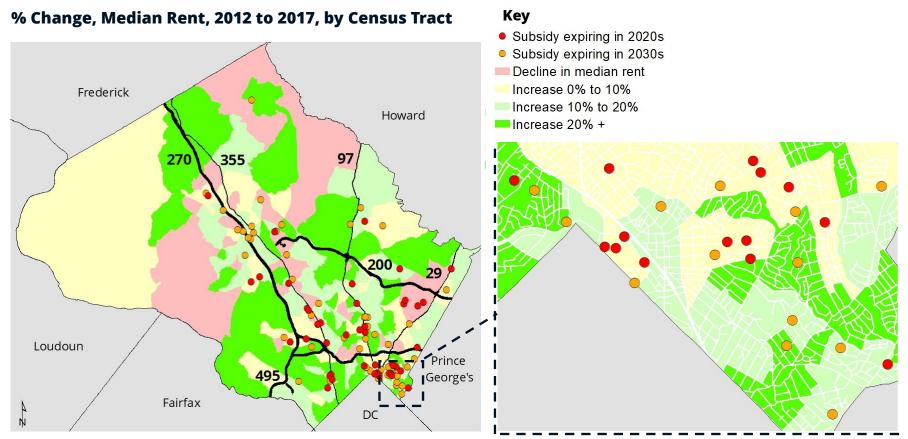
2020s/2030s Subsidy Expirations and Rail Transit



Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD LSA Key

Risk Criteria | Rent Trends in the Neighborhood

• Upward rent trends in surrounding areas indicator of rent hike/redevelopment pressure

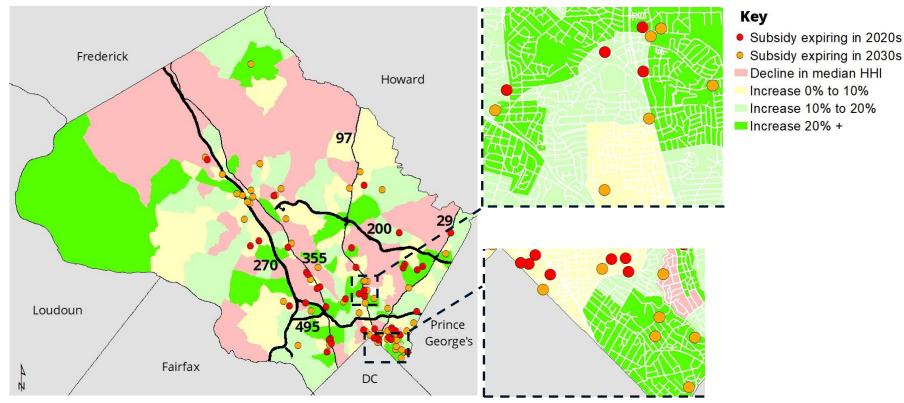


Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, U.S. Census Bureau 5-Year American Community Survey LSA Montg

Risk Criteria Income Trends in the Community

• Income trends in surrounding areas could reflect housing market price shifts/pressure

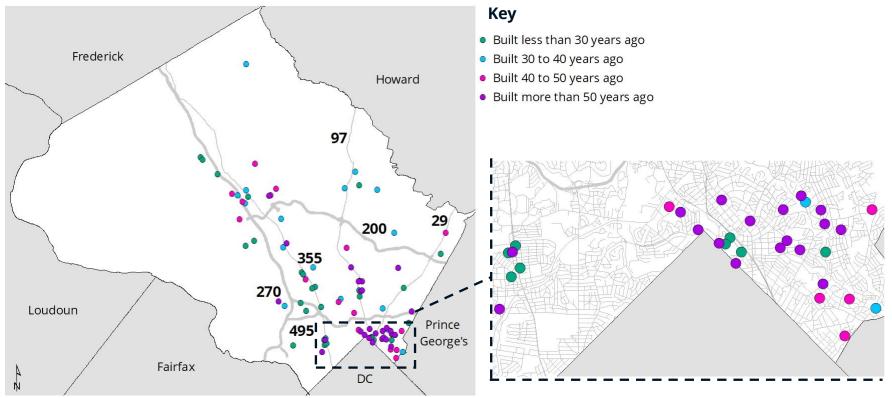
% Change, Median Household Income, 2012 to 2017, by Census Tract



Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, U.S. Census Bureau 5-Year American Community Survey LSA Montge

Risk Criteria | Age of the Buildings

- Older buildings more likely to induce major rehab + rent hikes or full redevelopment upor subsidy expiration
- Nearly 5,000 units with expiring subsidies in the next 2 decades are 30+ years old



2020s/2030s Subsidy Expirations by Age of Property

Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records
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Risk Assessment | Properties Most At-Risk

- Applied the risk criteria to the 2020s/2030s expirations; identified higher-risk properties
- Over 1,000 units at 40% to 60% AMI affordability; about 400 at 30% AMI or less
- Properties owned by for-profit companies in neighborhoods with upward rent trends
- In most cases proximate to rail transit and built more than 30 years ago
- Income trends are generally rising in and around these communities

2020s/2030s Subsidy Expirations, Higher-Risk Properties

Property Name	Subsidy Expiration	- Subsidized Units	<30%	- AMI Ranges 40% - 60%	5 60% - 80%	Rail Transit < 1 mile	Ownership Type	Building Age (Years)	Median Rent	Median HH Income
Heritage House	2021	100	100	0	0	Yes	For-Profit	39	13%	7%
Silver Spring House	2022	46	0	46	0	Yes	For-Profit	57	9%	1%
Lenox Park	2022	82	0	82	0	Yes	For-Profit	29	7%	1%
Sligo House Apartments	2024	50	0	50	0	Yes	For-Profit	61	9%	1%
Falkland Chase	2024	25	0	25	0	Yes	For-Profit	81	7%	1%
Croydon Manor	2027	96	0	96	0	Yes	For-Profit	71	7%	11%
Fields At Bethesda	2029	369	0	369	0	Yes	For-Profit	67	9%	-3%
Franklin Apartments	2030	185	185	0	0	Yes	For-Profit	65	16%	26%
Fields Of Gaithersburg	2031	168	0	168	0	No	For-Profit	46	20%	15%
Barrington Apartments	2037	310	125	185	0	Yes	For-Profit	68	24%	-4%

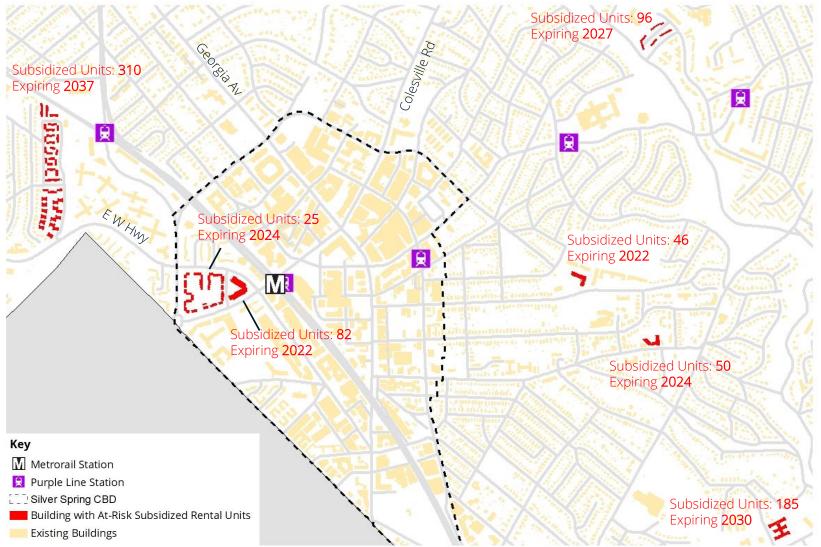
Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records, Census Bureau 5-Year ACS

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Census Tract Trends

(2012 to 2017)

Risk Assessment | Properties Most At-Risk



Source: DHCA, NHPD, HUD, MD Dept. of Assessments and Taxation, Montgomery County Property Tax Records, Census Bureau 5-Year ACS LSA Montgomery County Housing Preservation Study | 21

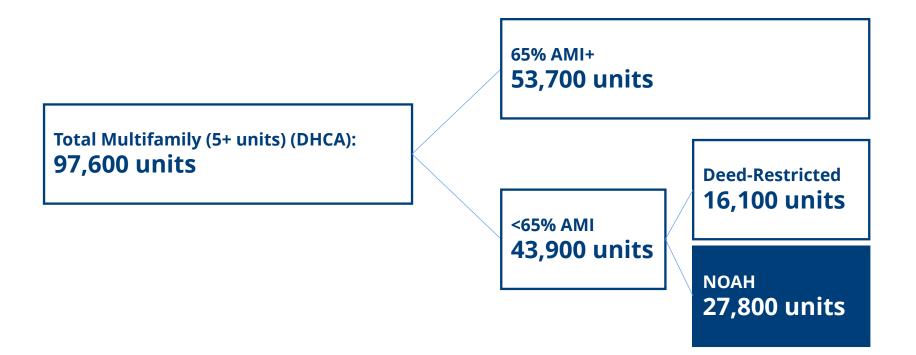
Subsidized Housing | Next Steps

- Link preservation tools and strategies with characteristics of the at-risk inventory
- Update estimates with pipeline data
- Incorporate feedback / changes
- Finalize and present to Planning Board

Housing Landscape Subsidized / Deed Restricted Housing Naturally-Occurring Affordable Housing

Naturally Occurring Affordable Housing

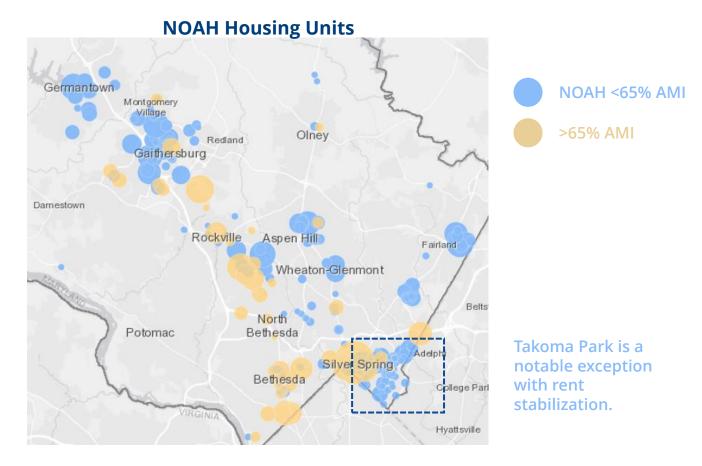
80% of the County's multifamily housing stock is unrestricted—subject to market forces. 35% of these units (27,800 units) renter for less than 65% of AMI—and are classified as naturally-occurring affordable (NOAH).



Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year

NOAH | Location

NOAH largely lies on the east side of I-270 and outside the beltway and is consistent with areas that have seen less growth in high-income demand.

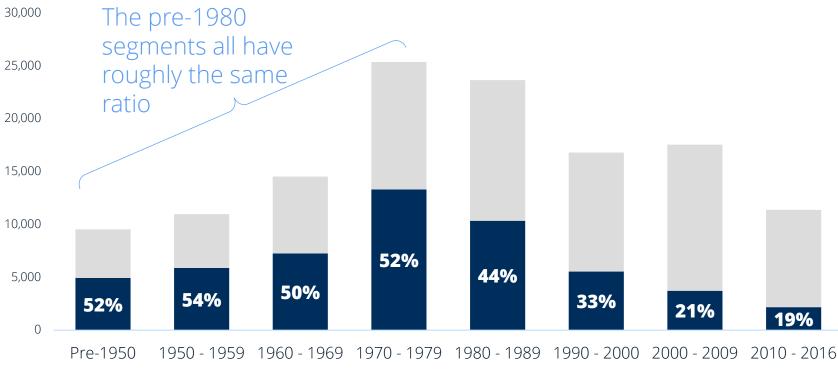


Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year

NOAH | Age

78% of units affordable to households earning up to 65% AMI were built before 1990. 50% of units built before 1990 are affordable to these households.

Units Built by Decade and Affordability Level (+/- 60% AMI households)



Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year

NOAH | Methodology

Using these attributes, we calibrated our model to identify affordable housing at a parcel level.

Independent Variables

Source: CoStar

Dependent Variable Source: DHCA

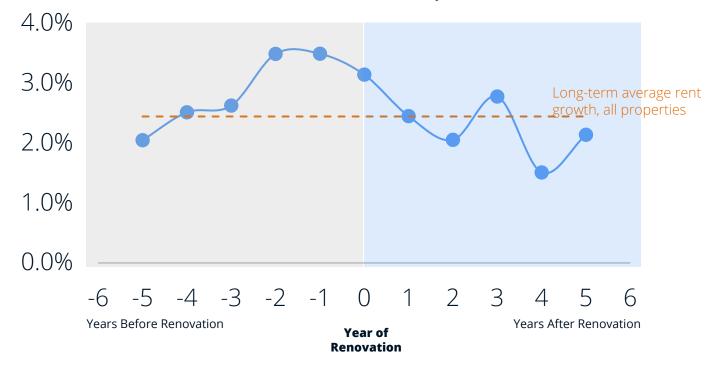
Building Data Source: Assessment Database	Block Group Data Source: ACS 2017 5-year			
 Land value per unit Year Built Location (x,y) Improvement Value per unit Rehab 	 Educational Attainment (% with Bachelors) Median Rent % Non-Hispanic White % Renters PUMS features 	 DHCA rents per SF – translated to Affordable versus not at 65% AMI 		

Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year

NOAH | Findings – Rehabilitation

Rehabilitation was not a leading indicator of NOAH rent growth. On average, for properties that underwent rehabilitation, rent growth peaked in the two years before the date of renovation, but rent growth fell back to average or below-average rates post-renovation.

Average Rent Growth Relative to Year of Renovation, Rehabbed Properties in DC-MD-VA Metro Area*



*Regional average used such that analysis captures higher and more significant volume of data on rehabbed properties. Source: CoStar

NOAH | Findings – Building Age, Location, Size

Based on our independent regressions, building age, location, and building size emerged as the 3 largest indicators of risk.

Туроlоду	2018 Median	Annualized Rent Change					
Description	Rent	2000 - 2018	2010 - 2018	2014 - 2018	Total Units <65% AMI		
1970s 10 - 19 unit	\$1,570	1.4%	0.9%	0.2%	2,618		
1980s 10 - 19 unit	\$1,597	1.0%	0.5%	1.2%	2,462		
1970s 50+ unit	\$1,536	0.9%	0.3%	0.1%	2,177		
1960s 50+ unit	\$1,611	1.1%	0.7%	-0.8%	1,870		
1990s 10 - 19 unit	\$1,623	0.7%	0.1%	-0.1%	1,664		
1970s 5 - 9 unit	\$1,480	0.9%	0.0%	-0.5%	1,629		
1960s 10 - 19 unit	\$1,571	1.6%	1.3%	1.7%	1,524		
1960s 5 - 9 unit	\$1,496	1.1%	1.1%	1.4%	1,162		
1980s 5 - 9 unit	\$1,594	0.8%	0.6%	0.2%	1,026		
1950s 10 - 19 unit	\$1,423	1.2%	0.5%	-0.1%	968		
2000s 50+ unit	\$2,122	0.0%	0.3%	0.1%	917		
1980s 50+ unit	\$1,719	0.7%	0.7%	1.6%	864		
1990s 50+ unit	\$1,888	-0.5%	-0.4%	-0.7%	798		
1950s 5 - 9 unit	\$1,374	1.2%	0.5%	0.1%	739		
1950s 50+ unit	\$1,593	1.0%	0.8%	2.8%	699		
2010s 50+ unit	\$1,976	0.0%	0.0%	-2.5%	691		
2000s 10 - 19 unit	\$1,789	0.3%	0.3%	-1.2%	679		
1980s 20 - 49 unit	\$1,586	0.7%	0.2%	0.8%	504		
1970s 20 - 49 unit	\$1,577	1.4%	-0.2%	0.2%	477		
1930s and before 5 - 9							
unit	\$1,327	1.1%	1.3%	1.1%	441		
1930s and before 10 - 19		0.70	0.000	2.44	400		
unit	\$1,289	0.7%	0.8%	3.4%	438		
1940s 5 - 9 unit	\$1,221	0.7%	0.4%	-0.5%	427		

Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year

These typologies can be summarized into 7 categories that account for 50% of all NOAH currently in Montgomery County.

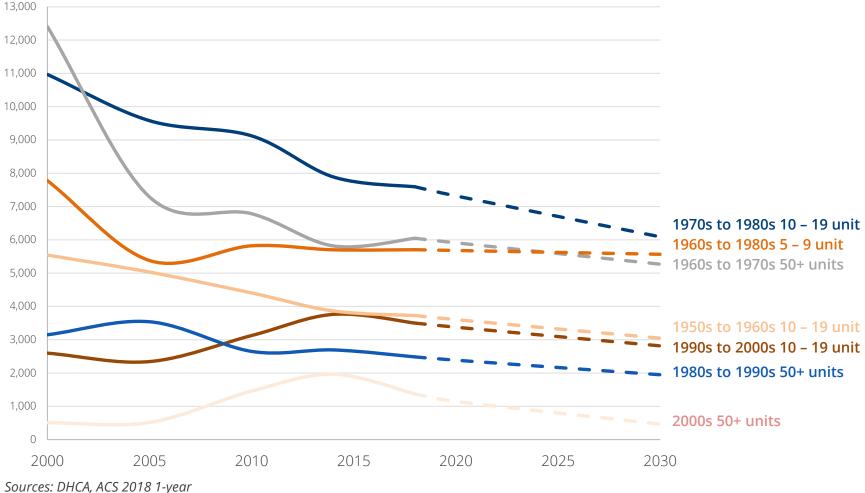
Туроlоду	Total Units <65% AMI	Share of NOAH	Median Rent 2018	CAGR (2010 - 2018)
1970s - 1980s 10 - 19 unit	5,080) 12%	\$1,583	0.78%
1960s - 1970s 50+ unit	4,046	5 10%	\$1,571	0.56%
1990s - 2000s 10 - 19 unit	2,342	2 6%	\$1,671	0.18%
1960s - 1980s 5- 9 unit	3,817	9%	\$1,698	0.66%
1950s - 1960s 10 - 19 unit	2,493	3 6%	\$1,513	1.14%
2000s 50+ unit	917	2%	\$2,122	0.34%
1980s - 1990s 50+ unit	1,662	2 4%	\$1,800	0.17%
Total	20,357	7 49%		

Common NOAH Typologies by Category

Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year

NOAH | Findings

These typologies can be summarized into 7 categories that account for 50% of all NOAH currently in Montgomery County.

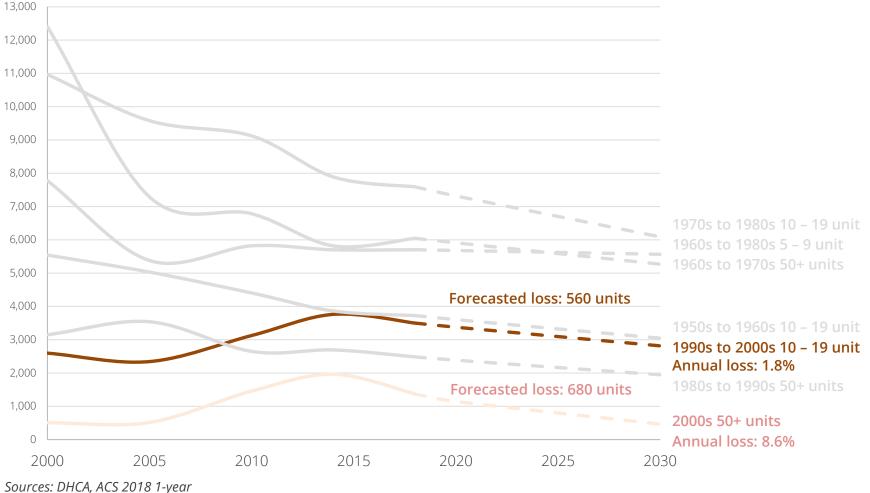


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NOAH | Findings

There are fewer newer NOAH units (built after 1990s), but they are losing units at a faster rate



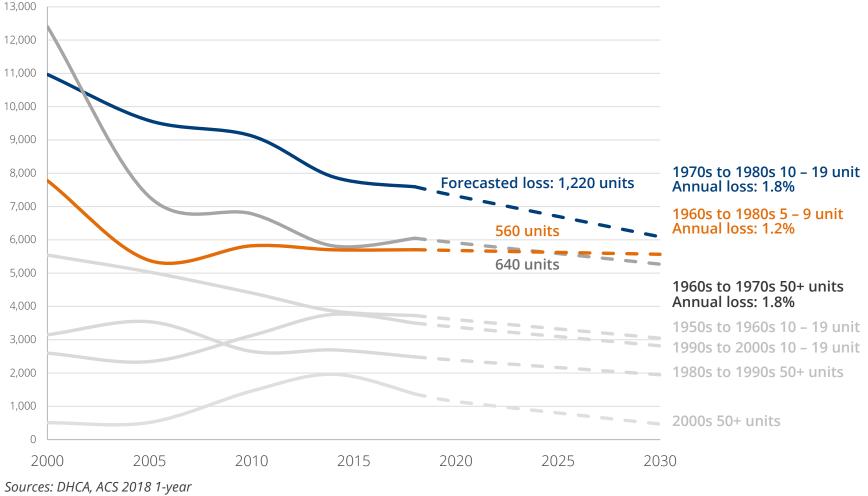
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NOAH | Findings

Older units built between the 1960s and 1970s are projected to be lost slower rate, but account for a larger share of lost units.

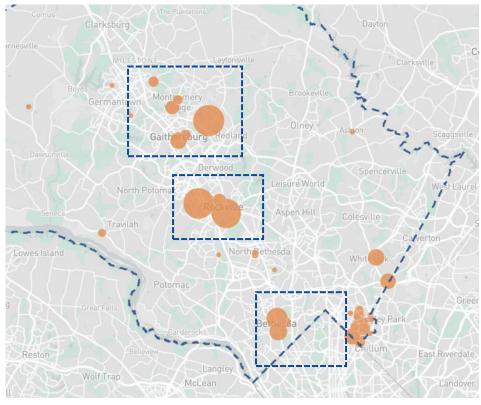


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NOAH | Next Steps

Our next steps are to identify the locations with these common typologies and match our ownership and renovation findings to assign higher risk.



1970s to 1980s <50-unit properties

Sources: DHCA, ACS 2018 1-year