# Bethesda Downtown Design Advisory Panel Submission Form

## PROJECT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Name</th>
<th>St. Elmo Apartments</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>File Number(s)</td>
<td>12015020A and 32015004A (to be filed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Address</td>
<td>4931 and 4925 Fairmont Avenue and 4920, 4922, 4924, 4926, 4928 St. Elmo Avenue, Bethesda, Maryland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Plan Type              | Concept Plan [ ] | Sketch Plan [ ] | Site Plan [ ] |

## APPLICANT TEAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Email</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary Contact</td>
<td>Bill Landfair</td>
<td>301-916-4100, <a href="mailto:wlandfair@vika.com">wlandfair@vika.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Architect</td>
<td>Craig Williams, David M. Schwarz Architects, 202-862-0777, <a href="mailto:craig.williams@dmsas.com">craig.williams@dmsas.com</a></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Architect</td>
<td>Becky May, Rhodeside-Harwell, 703-683-7447, <a href="mailto:beckym@rhodeside-harwell.com">beckym@rhodeside-harwell.com</a></td>
<td></td>
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## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>Proposed Height</th>
<th>Proposed Density</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CR 5.0, C-5.0, R-5.0, H-225'</td>
<td>225'</td>
<td>12.9 FAR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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| Proposed Land Uses    | Multi-family residential, office, and retail |
| Brief Project Description and Design Concept | See attached. |
DESIGN ADVISORY PANEL SUBMISSION PROCESS

1. Schedule a Design Advisory Panel review date with the Design Advisory Panel Liaison.
   Laura Shipman, Design Advisory Panel Liaison, laura.shipman@montgomeryplanning.org, 301-495-4558

2. A minimum of two weeks prior to the scheduled Design Advisory Panel meeting, provide the completed Submission Form and supplemental drawings for review in PDF format to the Design Advisory Panel Liaison via email.

3. Supplemental drawings should include the following at Site Plan and as many as available at Concept and Sketch Plan:
   • Property Location (aerial photo or line drawing)
   • Illustrative Site Plan
   • 3D Massing Models
   • Typical Floor Plans
   • Sections
   • Elevations
   • Perspective Views
   • Precedent Images
St. Elmo Apartments

Brief Project Description and Design Concept

This is a pre-application submission to receive input from the Design Advisory Panel prior to submitting a Sketch Plan and Preliminary Plan Amendment.

The Property is a through-block located between St. Elmo Avenue and Fairmont Avenue, mid-block between Norfolk Avenue and Old Georgetown Road, in the Woodmont Triangle. The Applicant is proposing to redevelop the existing low-rise, commercial buildings with a mixed-use, predominately residential apartment building that is more reflective of the Property's transit-oriented location. The building will contain approximately 240 units (located on levels 2 or 3 through 21) and up to 14,929 square feet of non-residential use, including second floor office (approximately 11,155 square feet) and ground level retail use (two retail spaces currently totaling approximately 3,774 square feet). All parking will be provided on-site through four levels of below-grade structure parking (approximately 230 parking spaces). The building will have a maximum gross floor area of approximately 330,000 square feet (or 12.9 FAR).

The building will be 21 stories tall, and achieve a maximum height of 225 feet, as permitted by the Property's zone (CR 5.0, C-5.0, R-5.0, H225'). An important component of the Project is the mid-block pedestrian connection between St. Elmo Avenue and Fairmont Avenue. The Project provides a twenty foot expansion of the existing through-block promenade (more than doubling the width of the through-block pedestrian connection currently provided by the adjacent Bainbridge site). The proposed design of the promenade envisions a unified public space that works both for pedestrians passing through and as a destination in itself. Lighting, paving, seating, planting, and public art (by a world renowned artist) will be designed as part of an integrated experience.

The building architecture specifically responds to the intent of the July 2017 Approved and Adopted Bethesda Downtown Plan Design Guidelines. Both Fairmont Avenue and St. Elmo Avenue are classified as Downtown Mixed-Use Street in the Bethesda Downtown Plan Design Guidelines. As illustrated and enumerated in the design documents, the building's design complies with those guidelines. It either meets the specific numerical requirements or utilizes permitted Alternative Treatments and exceptions for lots of limited width (given the narrowness of the Property), when strict adherence to those numerical values would be detrimental to the project's design quality, feasibility and/or function.

Architecturally, the building is organized around a central mass (21 stories or 225 feet in height) that runs from St. Elmo to Fairmont. The through-block connection runs along the northeasterly side of this central mass. Two enclosed minor masses with flanking open balconies cantilever 6'-4" into the expanded promenade beginning at level 3. On the southwesterly side of the central mass, two wings will project toward Old Georgetown Road. The wing closest to St. Elmo will rise to 21 stories in height, while the wing closest to Fairmont
will rise to 20 stories. Both of these wings step back six times along their height, and the upper four levels are significantly sculpted. These wings result in the formation of a large courtyard on the 2nd level, providing a significant break in the building's mass facing Old Georgetown Road.

The wings and the promenade projections are each set back from the St. Elmo and Fairmont faces of the central mass (while still remaining close enough to those faces to create a strong street façade that holds the urban streetscape). These elements and the central mass, which will step back from its main face on both streets, will obtain setbacks and/or step-backs for the majority of each frontage. Uniform building materials of unit masonry with accents of natural stone or cast stone, glazing systems, ornamental metal accents, and projecting, wrap-around balconies on every exterior mass will ensure the entire building has a unified architectural composition. The proposed building has a timeless appearance and will function as a true landmark in Downtown Bethesda.

The Project will provide stormwater management (on a site where there currently is none) and seeks to provide 35% of the net lot area as green cover, as set forth in the Design Guidelines.

Exceptional Design Public Benefit Points Requested and Brief Justification

The St. Elmo Apartments Project seeks approval of 15 Public Benefit Points for Exceptional Design. As illustrated above and discussed in greater detail below, the Project satisfies a minimum of four of the Exceptional Design criteria, as specified in the Zoning Ordinance and Commercial/Residential and Employment Zones Incentive Density Implementation Guidelines. These criteria are addressed in turn below.

Providing innovative solutions in response to the immediate context

The building will be setback from both St. Elmo Avenue and Fairmont Avenue, consistent with the adjacent properties and the Design Guidelines. On St. Elmo, the Project continues the building line established by the Bainbridge Bethesda -- the setback from the curb is within a foot of the furthest projecting plane of the Bainbridge Bethesda. On Fairmont Avenue, the Project continues the building line established by the adjacent townhome -- the setback from the curb of the main building plane aligns with the adjacent, townhouse-scaled building. As a result, the Project creates a continuous building line along these frontages. Step-backs from the main building plane from level 3 and above give the building a two-story base that relates to the smaller-scaled buildings on both frontages and to plane changes on the adjacent Bainbridge Bethesda building. This base element will be enhanced by a strong horizontal band, changes in materials, and additional architectural detailing to be further developed at Site Plan.

Creating a sense of place and serves as a landmark
Per the building description above, the central mass of the building, along with its projections and wings – linked to the central mass via projecting open balconies - will create strong, timeless street facades. The St. Elmo façade will read as a story taller with additional architectural embellishment as compared to Fairmont, as is appropriate to its wider right-of-way and status as the front entrance of the building. These facades and the promenade will create a strong sense of place within the immediate vicinity of the building. Moreover, the sculptural nature of the upper 5 levels, penthouse, and architectural embellishments will give the project an iconic top and landmark status when viewed from greater distances along Old Georgetown Road and other nearby roads. The Project’s significant improvement of the promenade will establish this location as a true place in Bethesda and serve as a landmark for the entire area. The Applicant is including a specific piece of artwork entitled Overflow V by world class artist Jaume Plensa. The Applicant is excited about this opportunity and believes that this particular sculpture is well suited for the promenade and complements the overall vision of the project. The Plensa sculpture is proposed to be mounted on a pedestal base (height to be determined), which will elevate the approximately 7 foot tall sculpture and increase the verticality of the artwork. The scale of the sculpture will ensure that it is visible from the street, and the unique form – made up of stainless steel letters that create a recognizable figure – will create intrigue that will draw people into the space. The sculpture also allows light and air to pass through it, which will contribute to the feeling of openness in the promenade. The perception of this piece will change as the light changes throughout the day and night.

Enhancing the public realm in a distinct and original manner

The building’s design concept discussed in relation to the other three exceptional design criteria, also contribute to enhancing the public realm in a distinct and original manner. To our knowledge, it will be unlike any existing building or any other currently proposed design. The proposed building achieves compliance with the setback, step-back, and tower separation recommendations contained in the Design Guidelines in a manner that will not detract from a strong street presence on either St. Elmo or Fairmont. Downtown Bethesda, in general, and the Woodmont Triangle, more specifically, continues to densify and become increasingly urban in nature. Strong streetscapes, which maximize the advantages of the urban environment, become paramount to the public realm. The design utilizes the recommendations contained in the Design Guidelines to weave a coherent design statement along both street frontages and the equally important side façades. While the northeast and southwest elevations are functionally "sides" of the building, both play vital roles in the overall design. One side façade faces the promenade and will be exposed to a large amount of pedestrian traffic. The other, facing Old Georgetown Road, will be the most prominent façade, perhaps seen by the greatest number of people on a daily basis. As such, it will exhibit the same level of complexity and visual interest as the street facades and end with strong beacon-like vertical massings and detailed elements.
Introducing materials, forms or building methods unique to the immediate vicinity or applied in a unique way

The architectural expression of St. Elmo Apartments will be an elegant and timeless design, unique within the Woodmont Triangle. Comprised mostly of unit masonry with stone or cast stone accents, and large areas of architectural glazing systems, further enhanced with ornamental metal detailing, the facades will be neither a specific historic style nor merely a fashionable statement of today’s trends. It will address current market demands for large windows, yet also adhere to time tested notions of proportions; an articulate base, shaft and top; appropriate ornamentation to create a human-scale; and a balance of solids and voids. The many building planes – created by the setbacks, projections, wings, step-backs, and upper level sculpting – are all linked by the wrap-around open balconies. These elements, along with strong horizontal elements at the various step-backs and cornices will create a plaid-like balance of horizontals and verticals found in timeless designs over many stylistic periods, which will be distinctive amongst much of the nearby, current, architectural expressions.