SHORT AND MEDIUM TERM SOLUTIONS FOR VISION ZERO **COMPLETE SIDEWALK NETWORK & ENHANCE PEDESTRIAN SAFETY AND COMFORT**

Problems:

- » The pedestrian environment is poorly separated from fast moving traffic.
- » Sidewalks are not continuous.
- » Driveways and pedestrian ramps are often not ADA compliant.
- » Existing sidewalks are narrow and poorly maintained.
- » Continuous right turn lanes that function as through lanes bring fast/weaving traffic near to the edge of the roadway.

Potential Solutions:

- » Create continuous ADA compliant sidewalks by filling sidewalk network gaps.
 - » Some areas may require short retaining walls due to grading issues.
- » Create a landscaped buffer between curb and sidewalk / sidepath wherever possible.
- » Plant shade giving street trees wherever space allows, to create a pleasant environment, provide a buffer and slow traffic.
- » Retrofit driveways and pedestrian ramps to make them ADA compliant. At driveways, short ramps can enable sidewalks to remain at one level.
- » Add pedestrian scale lighting and improve maintenance protocols to ensure full sidewalk is passable for its whole length.

FILL IN SIDEWALK GAPS

- » Create continuous ADA compliant sidewalks.
- » Create a landscape buffer between curb and sidewalk / sidepath wherever possible.
- » Plant shade giving street trees wherever space allows.



Conceptual Sketch

SIDEWALKS GAPS



RETROFIT DRIVEWAYS TO MAKE THEM ADA COMPLIANT

- - -Street Trees (Wherever Possible)
 - Landscape Buffer (Wherever Possible)
 - idewalk or Sidepath (Corridor-wide)
 - 2-Way Separated Bike Lane using existing shoulders (where applicable)

- » Use short driveway ramps to create continuous ADA compliant sidewalks / sidepath
 - » Route the level sidewalk behind this ramp.
- » Creating a short ramp can reduce speeds of turning vehicles.



Conceptual Sketch

BETTER MAINTAIN EXISTING SIDEWALKS





Existing sidewalks obstructed by landscaping debris or showing a lack of maintenance

Short Ramp (Approximately 3' deep)

Sidewalk remains level

Sidewalk or Sidepath

ADD CURB EXTENSIONS TO DISCONTINUE RIGHT TURN LANES

- its use as through travel lane.
- » Curb extensions help reduce speed of turning vehicles.
- » Curb extensions help shorten crossing distance for pedestrians.



Conceptual Sketch

» Interruptions in right turn lane created by curb extensions prevents

Extend sidewalks to fill in

Enhanced bus stops - with shelters and other amenities

Add trees in medians -as a traffic calming technique

Painted or rubber curb extensions to discontinue continuous right turn

SHORT AND MEDIUM TERM SOLUTIONS FOR VISION ZERO CREATE SAFE, COMFORTABLE, AND FREQUENT CROSSINGS

Problems:

- » The pedestrian environment is poorly separated from fast moving traffic.
- » Many driveways and pedestrian ramps are not ADA compliant.
- » Un-signalized crossings across 6-7 lanes.
- » Matthew Henson Trail crossing design and timing.
- » Channelized right turn lanes at Connecticut Ave.
- » Lack of pedestrian refuge islands at many intersections.
- » Many bus stops have no crossing opportunities.
- » Top traffic speeds are high.

Potential Solutions:

- » Retrofit existing and add new pedestrian curb ramps to be ADA compliant.
- » Create direct and short crossings.
- » Reduce top speeds with traffic calming techniques.
- » Add pedestrian refuge islands to shorted crossings.

ADD PEDESTRIAN REFUGE ISLANDS AND SIGNAL CONTROL TO ALL PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

- » At each un-signalized intersection study the feasibility of adding a traffic signal.
- » Add signal controls similar to the Matthew Henson Trail crossing to mid-block crossings as well as any new crossings.



Conceptual Sketch

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE CROSSING OPPORTUNITIES



» Eliminate left turn lanes (where feasible) to create wider refuge islands. » Use temporary material such as paint to stripe out lanes that are not

- required.
- » Add signal/beacon at any location with marked crosswalk.

Conceptual Sketch

RETROFIT EXISTING INTERSECTION CROSSINGS MATTHEW HENSON TRAIL CROSSING

ADD RAISED CROSSWALKS ON CHANNELIZED RIGHT

- » Helps reduce speeds for turning vehicles.
- » Keeps crosswalks at sidewalk level and prioritized pedestrians.
- » Could be signal controlled with Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon.



Conceptual Sketch

» Create short direct crossing.

- » Reduces crossing distance from 240 feet to 115 feet.
- » Keeps signal control as is existing.





Conceptual Sketch Crossing Distance = 115 Feet

SHORT AND MEDIUM TERM SOLUTIONS FOR VISION ZERO **CREATE CONTINUOUS BICYCLE FACILITY**

Problems:

» Bicycling along a high traffic, high speed road is unsafe and/or uncomfortable for most riders

Potential Solutions:

- » Transform wide shoulders into 2-way separated bike lanes where applicable.
- » In constrained sections, widen existing sidewalk to create minimum 8' wide sidepath, or create new sidepaths where no sidewalks exist and where there is no frontage road or shoulder.
- » Convert frontage roads to two-way bikeways, including a "sharrow" marking in the direction of traffic and contra-flow bike lane in the opposing direction.
- » Create a neighborhood greenway on parallel residential streets. Neighborhood greenway treatment can include traffic calming devices, bicycle pavement markings, enhanced signs and way-finding, etc.

SIDEPATHS

» Widen existing sidewalk to create minimum 8' wide sidepath, or create new sidepaths where no sidewalks exist and where there is no frontage road or shoulder.



Conceptual Sketch



POTENTIAL BICYCLE FACILITIES



Example of a Sidepath Source: www.urbanofile.com

- Street Trees (Wherever Possible) – Enhanced Bus Stops Retaining Walls (Where Necessary) -Sidepath

- Landscape Buffer (Wherever Possible)

SHARROWS AND CONTRA-FLOW BIKE LANES ON FRONTAGE ROADS

» Stripe frontage roads as shared roads with sharrow markings and contra-flow bike lanes



Conceptual Sketch

TWO-WAY SEPARATED BIKE LANES ON SHOULDERS

NEIGHBORHOOD GREENWAY ON PARALLEL STREETS

- » Create a neighborhood greenway on parallel residential streets. Neighborhood greenway treatments can include traffic calming devices, bicycle pavement markings, enhanced signage and wayfinding, etc. -Street Trees
- -Add new sidewalks where none present
- -Existing Driveway
- -Contra-flow bike lane
- -Shared Lane with Sharrow markings

Street Trees (Wherever Possible) Buffer

Sidewalk or Sidepath 2-way separated

bike lanes



Example of a 2-way Separated Bike Lane Source: www.movabilityaustin.org



Example of a 2-way Separate Bike Lane behind bus stops Source: NACTO / Dongho Chang



Typical Parallel Residential Street to Veirs Mill Road



Example of a Neighborhood greenway (Source: NACTO)