Update on Staff Recommendations February 21, 2013

COUNTYWIDE TRANSIT CORRIDORS FUNCTIONAL MASTER PLAN

Montgomery County Demographic and Travel Forecast Summary based on the 2012 CLRP

	2013	2040	Difference	Percent Difference
Population	998k	1.2M	206k	21%
Employment	529k	737k	208k	39%
VMT	22.0m	26.8m	4.8m	22%
Lane Miles*	2,592	2,721	129	5%
Lane Miles of Congestion	376	639	263	70%

Note: Modeled lane miles include freeways, arterials, and many collectors, but few local roads

Purpose of the Countywide Transit Corridor Network

enhance mobility and accessibility

support economic development

□ improve the environment

provide an efficient transportation system

Master Plan Phasing for the Countywide Transit Corridor Network

Phase 1: Recommend rights-of-way and treatments:
using 2040 as the forecast year for modeling purposes
considering build out of planned land use

- Phase 2: Recommend future consideration of higher levels of treatment:
 - when the desired treatment cannot be accommodated without significant impacts to existing development
 - where more transit-oriented development would be needed to justify a higher level of treatment

Modeling Efforts



Modeling Efforts



Modeling Efforts



Transportation Modeling

Modeling Focus: Determine the maximum feasible BRT network

Functional Plan Focus: Determine where rights-of-way should be reserved for transit corridors
BRT-only facilities
Bus lanes shared by BRT and local buses

Transportation Modeling

Three modeling runs in addition to no-build* for the 2040 forecast year:

Treatment	Build 1	Build 2	Build 2A
Two Way Median	152	140	29
Curb Lanes		12	41
Mixed Traffic			17
Total (miles)	152	152	87

*Corridor Cities Transitway was included in all model runs including the nobuild.

Changes in Vehicle Hours Traveled: No-Build to Build 1

Changes in Vehicle Hours Traveled: No-Build to Build 2

Changes in Vehicle Hours Traveled: No-Build to Build 2A

Changes in Vehicle Miles Traveled: No-Build to Build 1

Changes in Vehicle Miles Traveled: No-Build to Build 2

Changes in Vehicle Miles Traveled: No-Build to Build 2A

Determining BRT Treatment

Standard thresholds per Transit Capacity and Quality of Service Manual (TCQSM)

Median Busway: 2,400 people in the peak hour in the peak direction (pphpd)

Curb Bus Lanes: 1,200 pphpd

Standard Thresholds per TCQSM Build 1

Only one segment of MD355 warrants a median busway.

Standard Thresholds per TCQSM Build 2

No median busway warranted.

Standard Thresholds per TCQSM Build 2A

No median busway warranted.

Determining BRT Treatment

Modified thresholds for evaluation
Median Busway: 1,600 people in the peak hour in the peak direction (pphpd)
Curb Bus Lanes: 1,000 pphpd

These lower treatment thresholds have been used by other jurisdictions and are appropriate to account for:

- high-level of analysis
- Iong time frame (beyond 30 years)

hard-to-measure model attributes that could increase ridership

Modified Thresholds Build 1

Median busway warranted on MD355 and MD650.

Modified Thresholds Build 2

Median busway warranted on MD355.

Modified Thresholds Build 2A

Median busway warranted on MD355.

2040 Forecast Daily BRT Ridership

Corridor	Build 1	Build 2	Build 2A
MD 355 South	49k	46k	44k
MD 355 North	34k	32k	22k
Veirs Mill Rd & University Blvd	27k	27k	18k
Georgia Avenue (North & South)	24k	24k	12k
New Hampshire Avenue	22k	21k	10k
US 29	18k	16k	16k
Randolph Road	16k	16k	11k
Rockville-LSC	14k	14k	7k
Old Georgetown Road South	11k	11k	
Old Georgetown Road North	8k	8k	
Muddy Branch Road	8k	8k	
Connecticut Avenue	6k	7k	
ICC	6k	6k	
Norbeck Road	6k	5k	
North Bethesda Transitway	4k	4k	10k
University Blvd-Grosvenor	2k	2k	
Total	254k	247k	1 <i>5</i> 0k

5 corridors that can stand alone

- MD 355 South very high ridership
- MD 355 North very high ridership
- US 29 high ridership
- North Bethesda Transitway moderate ridership
- Georgia Ave North low ridership

5 less independent corridors

- New Hampshire Ave
- Georgia Ave South
- Veirs Mill Rd
- Randolph Rd
- University Blvd

Master Plan Phasing to Accommodate the Maximum Feasible BRT Network

Phase 1: Recommend rights-of-way and treatments for transit corridors:
using 2040 for modeling purposes as the forecast year
considering build out of planned land use

Phase 2: Recommend future consideration of higher levels of treatment for corridor segments:

- when the desired treatment cannot be accommodated without significant impacts to existing development
- where more transit-oriented development would be needed to justify a higher level of treatment

Network & Treatment Considerations

Recommended Phase 1 BRT Network

Treatment	Build 1	Build 2	Build 2A	Staff Draft
Two Lane Median	152	140	29	19
Two Lane Side Busway				1
One Lane Median				20
Curb Lanes		12	41	4
Managed Lanes				1
Mixed Traffic			17	34
Total	152	152	87	79

Recommended Phase 2 BRT Network

Trec	ıtment	Build 1	Build 2	Build 2A	Staff Draft
Two	Lane Median	152	140	29	31
Two	Lane Side Busway				1
One	Lane Median				31
Curl	b Lanes		12	41	5
Mar	naged Lanes				1
Mix	ed Traffic			17	10
Tota	I	152	152	87	79

Summary

Initial modeling included:

- all median busways treated the same as Light Rail Transit (LRT) to determine maximum ridership
- Lower treatment thresholds to account for:
 - high-level of analysis
 - Iong time frame
 - hard-to-measure model attributes that could increase ridership
- Increased treatments on several segments to maintain network integrity

Priorities for Initial Implementation

MD355 & US29

They have high existing and/or forecast ridership that is relatively independent of other corridors.

Schedule

Final Master Plan approval

Fall-Winter 2013 – County Council approves the Master Plan

Final Master Plan adoption Fall-Winter 2013 – Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission adopts the approved Master Plan Update on Staff Recommendations February 21, 2013

COUNTYWIDE TRANSIT CORRIDORS FUNCTIONAL MASTER PLAN